NUMISMATA GRAECA

GREEK COIN-TYPES

CLASSIFIED FOR IMMEDIATE IDENTIFICATION

BY

L. ANSON.

GENERAL GUIDE-INDEX

OF THE SIX PARTS OF SECTION I.

(Inanimate objects, Plants, etc.)

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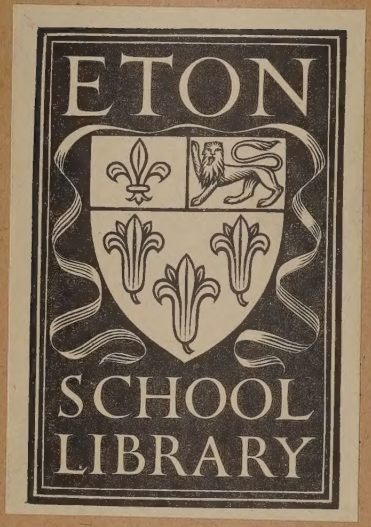
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Barley ear of and priapic term. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1068.

Barley ear of and serpent. — III — Metapontum (Lucania, 1068 a.

Barley ear of and star of sixteen rays. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1069.

Barley ear of and stork. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1069 a.

Barley ear of and thunderbolt. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1070, 1071.

Barley ear of and toad. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1071a.

Barley ear of and tripod. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1072 to 1076.

Barley ear of and triskeles. — III — Metapontum (Lucania) 1077.

Barley ear of and uncertain object. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1078.

Barley ear of and one-handled vase. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1079.

Barley two ears of. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1080 to 1087; Metapontum and Heraclea (Lucania), 1088; Paestum (Lucania), 1089; Catana (Sicily), 1090, 1091; Leontini (Sicily), 1092; Syracuse (Sicily), 1093 to 1095; Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 1096.

Barley two ears of and torch. — III — Alaesa (Sicily), 1097 to 1099; (or Enna), 1100.

Barley two ears of, torch and goat. — III — Enna (Sicily), 1101.

Barley three ears of. — III — Callatia (Moesia Inf.), 1102; Laodicea (Phrygia), 1103; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1104; Palmyra (Palmyrene), 1105 to 1109; Roman Procurators (Judaea), 1110; Herod Agrippa I (Judaea), 1111, 1112.

Barley three ears of and dog. — III — Eryx (Sicily), 1113; Segesta (Sicily), 1114, 1115.

Barley three ears of and triskeles. — III — Iaetia(Sicily), 1116, 1117; Panormus (Sicily), 1118 to 1121.

Barley ears of, in sheaf. — III — Leontini (Sicily), 1122, 1123.

Barley Stalk of. — III — Gela (Sicily), 1124, 1125; Lysimachia (Thracian Chersonese), 1126.

Barley stalk of and poppy-head. — III — Panormus (Sicily), 1127.

Barley three stalks of. — III — Abdera (Thrace), 1128.

Barleycorn. — III — Iguvium (Umbria), 1320, 1321; Tuder (Umbria), 1322; Aes Grave (Central Italy), 1323 to 1326; Metapontum (Lucania), 1327 to 1330; Leontini (Sicily), 1331 to 1337; In general Thracian Chersonesus, 1338 to 1340; Cardia (Thracian Chersonesus), 1341 to 1346; Crithote (Thracian Chersonesus), 1347; Pale (Peloponnesus), 1348, 1349; Pronni (Peloponnesus), 1350.

Barleycorn and dolphin. — III — Pale (Peloponnesus), 1351.

Barleycorn incuse. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1352.

Barleycorn and muscle. — III — Phistelia (Campania), 1353.

Barleycorn with mussel-shell and dolphin. — III — Phistelia (Campania), 1354, 1355.

Barleycorn and olive. — III — Oeniadae (Acarnania), 1356.

Barleycorn in wreath. — III — Crithote (Thracian Chersonese), 1357.

Barleycorns two. — III — Aes Grave (Central Italy), 1358, 1359.

Barleycorns two, in wreath of olive. — III — Enna (Sicily), 1360.

Barleycorns three, star-wise. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1361 to 1365.

Barleycorn five, star-wise. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 1366.

Basin. — I — Pergamum (Mysia), 357.

Basin for oil Gymnasiarch's. — I — Syedra (Cicilia), 358, 359.

Basin for oil gymnasiarch's with figure. — I — Anazarbus (Cilicia), 360.

Basket containing three branches of coral. — I — Aphrodisias (Caria), 782, 783.

Basket containing ears of barley and grapes. — I — Aradus (Phoenicia), 784.

Basket containing fruit. — I — Pautalia (Thrace), 785, 786; Trajanopolis (Thrace), 787 to 789.

Basket containing poppy-head and ears of corn. — I — Perinthus (Thrace), 790, 791; Bizya (Is. Thrace), 792; Crete in general, 793; Athens (Attica), 794; Philadelphia (Decapolis), 795.

Basket wicker. — I — Byzantium (Thrace), 797, 797; Serdica (Thrace), 798; Cibyra (Phrygia), 799 to 802.

Baskets two wicker. — I — Byzantium (Thrace), 803 to 805; Byzantium and Nicaea (Thrace), 806 to 812.

Battle-axe and bow, *see* Bow in case and battle-axe. — II.

Bell, *see* Tintinnabulum. — VI.

Bellows. — VI — Damastium (Illyria), 148, 149.

Bipennis, *see* Axe-double. — II.

Boeotian shield, *see* Shield boeotian. — II.

Boot, or shoe. — VI — Hatria (Picenum), 643, 644; Vestini

(Picenum), 645; Venusia (Apulia), 646; Aegeae (Cilicia), 647.

Bow. — II — Cranium (Cephallenia-Peloponnesus), 104 to 110; Prusias I, King of Bithynia, 111; Erythrae (Ionia), 112.

Bow and club. — II — Thasos (Is. Thrace), 113 to 115; Pherae (Thessaly), 116.

Bow and club crossed. — II — Tarentum (Calabria), 117; In general Bruttium. 117a; Olynthus (Macedonia), 118; Uncertain, 119.

Bow, club and bow-case. — II — Nicaea (Bithynia), 120.

Bow, club and bow-case crossed. — II — Erythrae (Ionia), 121.

Bow, club and diota. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 122.

Bow, club and quiver. — II — Carteia (Baetica), 123; Luceria (Apulia), 124, 124a; Heraclea (Lucania), 125, 126; Hydruntum (Calabria)?, 127 to 127b; Alexander III, King of Macedonia, 128; In general Macedonia, 129; Alizia (Acarnania), 130; Heraclea (Bithynia), 131; Erythrae (Ionia), 132.

Bow, club and quiver crossed. — II — Uncertain (Sicily), 133; Erythrae (Ionia), 134.

Bow and two clubs. — II — Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 135.

Bow and quiver. II Alaesa (Sicily), 136; Segesta (Sicily), 137; Chersonesus (Tauric Chersonese), 138; Heraclea (Thessaly), 139; Dra? (Acarnania), 140; Athens (Attica), 141, 142; Cnossus (Crete), 143; Prusias I, King of Bithynia, 144; Cyme (Aeolis), 145, 146; Bargylia (Caria), 147; In general Lycia, 148; Antiphellus (Lycia), 149; Bubon (Lycia), 150; Myra (Lycia), 151; Perga (Pamphylia), 152; Selge (Pisidia), 153; Termessus (Pisidia), 154; Demetrius I, Soter, King of Syria, 155; Demetrius I or II, King of Syria, 156, 157; Strato I, King of Bactria and India, 158; Oea (Syrtica), 158a.

Bow and quiver in saltire. — II — Antiphellus (Lycia), 159; Cragus (Lycia), 160 to 162; Limyra (Lycia), 163; Myra (Lycia), 164; Patara (Lycia), 165, 166; Phellus (Lycia), 167; Tlos (Lycia), 168; Tr... (Lycia), 169; Xanthus (Lycia), 170; Perga (Pamphylia), 171.

Bow, quiver and jawbone. — II — Oeta (Thessaly), 172.

Bow, quiver and laurel branch. — II — Blaundus (Lydia), 173; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 174.

Bow and a great star. — II — Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonesus), 175.

Bow, and thunderbolt. — II — Selge (Pisidia), 176 to 178.

Bow, strung. — II — Consentia? (Bruttii), 179; Alaea (Peloponnesus), 180; Aptera (Crete), 181, 182; Prusias I, King of Bithynia, 183; Philetaerus, Eumenes I, Attalus I, Kings of Pergamum, 184.

Bow strung in case, with arrows and club. — II — Ceretapa-Diocaesarea (Phrygia), 185.

Bow strung in case, with arrow and club, covered with lion's skin. — II — Ceretapa-Diocaesarea (Phrygia), 186.

Bow strung and club. — II — Luceria (Apulia), 187; Agyrium (Sicily), 187a; Thasos (Is. of Thrace), 188 to 190; Perdicas II, King of Macedonia, 191; Philip II, King of Macedonia, 192, 193; Alexander III King of Macedonia, 194; Heraclea (Illyria), 195, 196; Thebes (Boeotia), 197 to 199; Selge (Pisidia), 200.

Bow strung and club crossed. — II — Tarentum (Calabria), 201; Heraclea (Lucania), 202; In general Bruttii, 203; Amyntas III King of Macedonia, 204.

Bow strung and club crossed amid dots. — II — Heraclea (Lucania), 205, 206.

Bow strung, club and quiver. — II — Rubi (Apulia), 207; Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 208; Archelaus I King of Macedonia, 209; Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 210; Antissa (Lesbos), 210a.

Bow strung and quiver. — II — Alaesa (Sicily), 211, 212; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 213; Oeta (Thessaly), 214; Stymphalus (Peloponnesus), 215; Ephesus (Ionia), 216, 217; Bargylia (Caria), 218; Salamis? (Cyprus), 219, 220.

Bow-case. — II — Melos (Aegean Is.), 221.

Bow-case and club. — II — Zoilus, King of Bactria and India, 222.

Bow-case and quiver. — II — Uncertain (Bosporus), 223 to 225; Seleucus II, King of Syria, 226.

Bow-case between serpents. — II — Adramyteum (Mysia), 227; Parium (Mysia), 228, 229; Pergamum (Mysia), 230, to 234; Apollonis (Lydia), 235; Nysa (Lydia), 236; Sardes (Lydia), 237; Stratonicea (Lydia), 238; Tralles (Lydia), 239 to 250; Apameia (Phrygia) 251 to 253; Laodicea (Phrygia), 254 to 257; Synnada (Phrygia), 258.

Bow in case. — II — Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonesus), 259, 260; Cius (Bithynia), 261; Heraclea (Bithynia), 262; Leucon II or III, King of Bosporus, 263; Eumenes II, King of Pergamum (Mysia), 264; Cos (Is. of Caria), 265, 266; Ariarathes X, Eusebus Philadelphus (Cappadocia), 267, 268; Antiochus I, King of Syria, 269; Mithradates I, King of Parthia, 270; Mithradates II, King of Parthia, 271 to 273; Sinatruces, King of Parthia, 274; Phraates III, King of Parthia,

275; Orodes I, King of Parthia, 276, 277; Maues, King of Bactria and India, 278; Arsaces Theos, King of Bactria and India, 279; Sarias, Scythian Dynast? of Bactria and India, 280.

Bow in case, and battle axe. — II — Olbia (Sarmatia), 281 to 286.

Bow in case, and club. — II — Alexander the Great, King of Macedonia, 287 to 289; In general Macedonia, 290; Cius (Bithynia), 291 to 294; Heraclea (Bithynia), 295 to 299; Erythrae (Ionia), 300 to 309; Smyrna (Ionia), 310; Halicarnassus (Caria), 311; Cos (Is. Caria), 312 to 317; Aegeae (Cilicia), 318; Salamis (Cyprus), 319 to 322; Hypaepa (Lydia), 323; Saitta (Lydia), 324; Sebaste (Phrygia), 325.

Bow in case, club and bee. — II — Erythrae (Ionia), 326, 327; Maeonia (Lydia), 328; Sardes (Lydia), 329.

Bow in case, club and cloven-hoof. — II. — Erythrae (Ionia), 330.

Bow in case, club and ears of barley. — II — Callatia (Moesia Inf.), 331, 332.

Bow in case, club and lion's skin. — II — Cephaloedium (Sicily), 333, 334; Heraclea (Bithynia), 335 to 338.

Bow in case, club, on which lion's skin and trident. — II — Mithradates King of Bosporus, 339.

Bow in case and crab — II — Cos (Is. of Caria), 340.

Bow in case and lance-head. — II — Panticapaeum (Tauric, Chersonesus), 341.

Bow in case with quiver. — II — Uncertain of Syria or Phoenicia, 342.

Bow in case between serpents, *see* Bow-case between serpents. — II.

Bow in case on table. — II — Heraclea (Bithynia), 343.

Bow in case within wreath of oak. — II — Alinda (Caria), 344.

Box Conical. — I — Patrae (Peloponnesus), 1328.

Branch. — III — Baisippo (Baetica), 1; Myrtilis (Lusitania), 1a; Iguvium (Umbria), 2; Catana (Sicily), 3.

Branch with ear of corn. — III — Laelia (Hispania Ulterior), tain 4 to 4c.

Branches two. — III — Ostur (Hispania Ulterior), 5, 6; Uncer- (Hispania), 7.

Branches two, with acorn between. — III — Ostur (Hispania Ulterior), 8.

Branches two and ankh. — III — Uncertain (Soli?) (Cyprus), 9.

Branches two joined, to frame an inscription. — III — Ulia (Hispania Ulterior), 10, 10a.

Branches two and grain of corn. — III — Elaea (Aeolis), 11.

Branches two and pine-cone. — III — Pale (Peloponnesus), 12.

Branches three. — III — Populonia (Etruria), 13.

Branches in bunch (or twigs) with citron ("lulab" with "ethrog"). — III — 1st Revolt (Judaea), 14; 2nd Revolt (Judaea), 15.

Branches of laurel. — III — Centuripe (Sicily), 16; Trie... (Thrace), 17; Amphipolis (Macedonia), 18; Beroea (Cyrrhetica), 19, 20; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 21 to 28.

Branch of laurel filleted. — III — Alexandria (Troas), 29; Alabanda (Caria), 30 to 32; Seleucia ad Calycadnum (Cilicia), 33; Seleucia Pieria (Seleucis and Pieria, 34.

Branch of laurel and palm. — III — Phoenice (Epirus), 35.

Branches of laurel two and palm. — III — Paestum (Lucania), 36.

Branch of olive. — III — Elaea (Aeolis), 37.

Branch of olive and Club in saltire. — III — Magarsus (Cilicia), 38.

Branch of olive and ear of corn. — III — Tucci (Baetica), 39.

Branch of Palm. — III — Celsa (Tarraconensis), 40; Segobriga (Tarraconensis), 41; Uncertain (Hispania), 42; Tanagra (Boeotia), 43; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 44, 45; Alexander Jannaeus King of Judaea, 46; Herod Antipas King of Judaea, 47, 48; Roman Procurators (Judaea), 49 to 51; Second revolt against Rome (Judaea), 52; Menander King of Bactria and India, 53

Branch of palm and grapes. — III — Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 54.

Branch of palm and horn, — III — Anopolis (Crete), 55.

Branch of palm and horse. — III — Hiempsal I, King of Numidia, 56; Hiempsal II, King of Numidia, 57.

Branch of palm and lyre. — III — Myrina (Aeolis), 58, 59.

Branch of palm and wreath. — III — Paestum (Lucania), 60; Antialcidas, King of Bactria and India, 61; Antimachus II, King of Bactria and India, 62.

Branches of palm two. — III — Judaea in general, 63.

Branches of palm two and altar. — III — Juba II, King of Mauretania, 64.

Branches of palm two, with two pilei. — III — Eucratides, King of Bactria and India, 65 to 68; Antialcidas, King of Bactria and India, 69, 70; Antialcidas and Lysias, Kings of Bactria and India, 71; Archebuis, King of Bactria and India, 72.

Branches three of palm dwarf fan, between greaves. — III — Camarina (Sicily), 73.

Bridge over river. — V — Buthrotum (Epirus), 15, 16; Aegeae

(Cilicia), 17; Mopsus (Cilicia), 18; Antioch ad Maeandrum (Caria), 19, 20.

Bucranium. — IV — Luceria (Apulia), 1038; Rubi (Apulia), 1039, 1040; Metapontum (Lucania), 1041; Athens (Attica), 1042 to 1045; Aegina, 1046; Cydonia (Crete), 1047; Gortyna (Crete), 1048; Phaestus (Crete), 1049, 1050; Cyzicus (Mysia), 1051.

Bucranium filleted. — IV — Abdera (Thrace), 1052.

Bucranium, one horn turned down. — IV — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 1053.

Bucranium and torch within wreath. — IV — Sardes (Lydia), 1054.

Building circular. — V — Cyzicus (Mysia), 21.

Caduceus. — IV — Carteia (Baetica), 157, 158; Massilia (Gallia) 159 to 162; Populonia (Etruria), 163; Asculum (Picenum), 164; Aes Grave (Central Italy), 165; Uncertain (Central Italy), 166; Hipponium (Brutii), 167; Vibo Valentia (Bruttii), 168; Paestum (Lucania), 169; Aluntium (Sicily), 170; Calacte (Sicily), 171; Menaenum (Sicily), 172; Aenus (Thrace), 173 to 175; Byzantium (Thrace), 176; Mesembria (Thrace), 177; Sestus (Thracian Chersonese), 178; Alexander I and Perdicas II (Macedonia), 179; Sciathus (Is. Thessaly), 180 to 182); Pheneus (Peloponnesus), 183, 184; Uncertain (Crete), 185; Syros (Aegean Is.), 186; Prusias II, King of Bithynia, 187; Atarneus (Mysia), 188; Cyzicus (Mysia), 189; Priapus (Mysia), 190; Cragus (Lycia), 191; Aspendus (Pamphylia), 192; Cremna (Pisidia), 193; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 194; Gabala (Seleucis and Pieria), 195; Demetrius, King of India, 196; Maues, King of India, 197); Alexandria (Egypt), 198, 199.

Caduceus between astragali. — IV — Aenus (Thrace), 200.

Caduceus springing from barleycorn. — IV — Uncertain (Central Italy, 201.

Caduceus, barley stalk and olive branch. — IV — Tyndaris (Sicily), 202.

Caduceus between caps of the Dioscuri. — IV — Tabae (Caria), 203.

Caduceus surmounted by crescent. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 204.

Caduceus and club united. — IV — Laconia-Lacedemon (Peloponnesus), 205 to 206 a; Nicaea (Bithynia), 207; Pergamum (Mysia), 208.

Caduceus and two cornucopiae. — IV — Antiochia (Pisidia), 209; Heliopolis (Coele-Syria), 210; Herod the Great (Judaea), 211; Uncertain, 212.

Caduceus between ears of corn. — IV — Alexandria (Egypt), 213 to 215.

Caduceus bound with fillet. — IV — Populonia (Etruria), 216; Athens (Attica), 217, 218; Demetrius II, King of Syria, 219.

Caduceus in hand. — IV — Gotarzes, King of Parthia, 220.

Caduceus in hands clasped. — IV — Amorium (Phrygia), 221; Commagene (Seleucis and Pieria), 222.

Caduceus head of. IV Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 223; Sybrita (Crete), 224.

Caduceus formed by snakes. — IV — Alexandria (Egypt), 225.

Caduceus between four stalks of corn. — IV — Alexandria (Egypt), 226.

Caduceus winged. — IV — Carteia (Hispania Ulterior), 227; Metapontum (Lucania), 227 a; Cephaloedium (Sicily), 228; Byzantium (Thrace), 229, 230; Perinthus (Thrace), 231; Tanagra (Boeotia), 232; Apamea (Bithynia), 233; Cnossus (Crete), 234; Uncertain (Crete), 235; Pylaemenes (Euergetes), King of Paphlagonia, 236; Tium (Bithynia), 237; Cyzicus (Mysia), 238 to 240; Miletopolis (Mysia), 241; Apollonia (Caria), 242; Halicarnassus (Caria), 243; Masicytes (Lycia), 244; Aspendus (Pamphylia), 245; Corycus (Cilicia), 246; Caystriani (Lydia), 247 to 249; Sardes (Lydia), 250; Appia (Phrygia), 251; Nacoleia (Phrygia), 252, 253; Amyntas, King of Galatia, 254; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 255; Samosata (Commagene), 256; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 257, 258; Phraates IV, King of Parthia, 259; Volagases I, King of Parthia, 260; Alexandria (Egypt). 261.

Caduceus within wreath. — IV — Pheneus (Peloponnesus), 262; Lampsacus (Mysia), 263; Ceramus (Caria), 264.

Caducei two. — IV — Populonia (Etruria), 265, 266.

Caestus on hand. — II — Tuder (Umbria), 345; Smyrna (Ionia), 346, 347.

Caestus on two hands. — II — Smyrna (Ionia), 348 to 350.

Calatus *see* Kalathos. — I.

Cancer sign of. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 135.

Canopus. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 813 to 821.

Canopi two. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 822 to 826.

Canopi two in shrine. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 827.

Cap sacrificial, *see* sacrificial cap, or apex. — IV.

Caps of the Dioscuri, *see* pilei of the Dioscuri. — IV.

Car sacred. — V — Sidon (Phoenicia), 22.

Chalice. — I — Simon Maccabeus (Judaea), 361; First Revolt against Rome (Judaea), 362 to 364.

Chair Curule. (Sella Curulis). — I — Melita (Is. near Sicily), 1329; Cotys I, King of Bosporus, 1330; Rhescuporis II, King of Bosporus, 1331; Sauromates I, King of Bosporus, 1332 to 1335; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 1336, 1337.

Chair curule between fascis. — I — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 1338.

Chair curule with staff. — I — Ptolemaeus, King of Mauretania, 1339.

Cheyls *see* lyre "Chelys". — VI.

Chest agonistic on which Purses. — I — Perga (Pamphylia), 828 to 831.

Chests two erected on poles. — I — Cyzicus (Mysia), 832.

Circle with pellet in centre, *see* Omphalos, circle with pellet in centre. — IV.

Cippus. — VI — Ancyra (Phrygia), 647a.

Cista. — I — Leucas (Acarnania), 833, 834; Sidon (Phoenicia), 834a to 834d.

Cista, Cornucopiae and ear of Corn. — I — Damascus (Coele-Syria, 835.

Cista, grapes and Thyrsus. — I — Patrae (Peloponnesus), 836.

Cista, grapes and Mask Bacchic. — I — Teos (Ionia), 837.

Cista Mystica. — I — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 838; Marcianopolis (Moesia Inf.), 839, 840; Perinthus (Thrace), 841; Plotinopolis (Thrace), 842; In general Macedonia, 843, 844; Cassope (Epirus), 845; Athens (Attica), 846; Tium (Bithynia), 847; Erythrae (Ionia), 848; Magnesia ad Maeandrum (Ionia), 849; Teos (Ionia), 850; Sebastopolis (Caria), 851.

Cista mystica, between pilei of Dioscuri. — I — Laodicea (Phrygia), 852.

Cista mystica, and thyrsos. — I — Amisus (Pontus), 853 to 855; Dionysopolis (Phrygia), 856; Sidon (Phoenicia), 857.

Cista mystica thyrsi two and owl. — I — Teos (Ionia), 858.

Cista mystica thyrsus and stag. — I — Priapus (Mysia), 859.

Cista mystica within wreath of ivy. — I — Adramyteum (Mysia), 860; Parium (Mysia), 861; Pergamum (Mysia), 862 to 866; Ephesus (Ionia), 867 to 878; Smyrna (Ionia), 879; Apollonis (Lydia), 880; Nysa (Lydia), 881; Sardes (Lydia), 882 to 890; Stratonicea (Lydia), 891; Tralles (Lydia), 892 to 907; Apameia (Phrygia), 908 to 911; Laodiceia (Phrygia), 912; Synnada (Phrygia), 913.

Cista mystica within myrtle wreath. — I — Syracuse (Sicily), 914.

Citron or Ethrog *see* Branches in bunch with Citron or "Lulab and Ethrog". — III.

City-gates. — V — Emerita (Hispania Ulterior), 23; Sauromates I, King of Bosporus, 24; Caesarea Germanica (Bithynia), 25; Erythrae (Ionia), 26.

City-walls, with towers, lion and bull. — Tarsus (Cilicia), 27, 28.

Club. — II — Carteia (Baetica), 351; Populonia (Etruria), 352 to 354; Volaterra (Etruria), 355 to 363; Tuder (Umbria), 364 to 367; Vettuna (Umbria), 368; Aes Grave (Central Italy), 369; Uncertain (Italy), 370, 371; Luceria (Apulia), 372, 373; Hipponium (Bruttii), 374, 375; Petelia (Bruttii), 376; Calacte (Sicily), 377; Centuripae (Sicily), 378; Menaenum (Sicily), 379; Panormus (Sicily), 380 to 382; Syracuse (Sicily), 383; Cherronesus (Tauric Chersonesus), 384, 385; Olbia (Sarmatia), 386, 387; Callatia (Moesia Inf.), 388, 389; Byzantium (Thrace), 390; Perinthus (Thrace), 391 to 395; Macedonia in general, 396, 397; Amphipolis (Macedonia), 398; Dium (Macedonia), 399; Heraclea Sintica (Macedonia), 400; Olynthus (Macedonia), 401; Phila (Macedonia), 402; Scotussa (Macedonia), 403; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 404; Adaeus Dynast? of Macedonia, 405; Philip V, King of Macedonia, 406; Heraclea Trachinia (Thessaly), 407 to 410; Pherae (Thessaly), 412; Scotussa (Thessaly), 413; Leucas (Acarnania), 414, 415; Aetolia in general, 416; Thebes (Boeotia), 417 to 422; Athens (Attica), 423; Argos (Argolis), 424; Asine (Peloponnesus), 425; Laconia (Peloponnesus), 426 to 429; Patrae (Peloponnesus), 430; Pronni (Peloponnesus), 431, 432; Tyrins (Peloponnesus), 433; Bithynium, also called Claudiopolis, (Bithynia), 434; Cius (Bithynia), 435 to 438; Heraclea (Bithynia), 439 to 442; Clazomenae (Ionia), 443, 444; Erythrae (Ionia), 445 to 451; Heraclea Salbace (Caria), 452; Ceraitae (Pisidia), 453, 454; Selge (Pisidia), 455, 456; Olba (Cilicia), 457, 458; Apollonis (Lydia), 459, 460; Blaundus (Lydia), 461; Hypaepa (Lydia), 462; Archelaus King of Cappadocia, 463; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 464 to 470; Antiochus VII Sidetes, King of Syria, 471; Mithradates II, King of Parthia, 472; Phraates III, King of Parthia, 473; Mithradates III, King of Parthia, 474; Menander, King of Bactria and India, 475; Uncertain, 476.

Club and arrow. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 477 to 480.

Club and boeotian shield. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 481, 482.

Club and caduceus. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 483 to 485.

Club and caduceus united.— II —Laconia (Peloponnesus), 486 to 488; Nicaea (Bithynia), 489.

Club and crab. — II — Cos (Is. Caria), 490 to 492.

Club, fiscus (purse) and subsellium (seat). — II — In general Macedonia, 493 to 495.

Club and harpa. — II — Philip V King of Macedonia 496; Argos (Argolis), 497.

Club ending in monogram or letter. — II — Tyre (Phoenicia), 498 to 501.

Club and nike. — II — Heraclea ad Latmum (Ionia), 502.

Club on which lion's skin. — II — The Abbaeti (Mysia), 503; Pergamum (Mysia), 504; Ephesus (Ionia), 505 to 507; Alinda (Caria), 508; Aegeae (Cilicia), 509; Caystriani (Lydia), 510; Cilbiani Sup. (Lydia), 511; Nysa (Lydia), 512; Sardes (Lydia), 513; Tralles (Lydia), 514; Laodicea (Phrygia), 515; Peltae (Phrygia), 516; Leptis Magna (Syrtica), 516 a, 516 b.

Club over maeander symbol. — II — Apameia (Phrygia), 517.

Club on macedonian shield.— II —In general Macedonia, 518

Club with olive branch in saltire. — II — Magarsus (Cilicia), 519.

Club with palm. — II — Uncertain, 520.

Club and quiver. — II — Aluntium (Sicily), 520 a.

Club and shrub in vase (styrax?).— II — Selge (Pisidia), 521.

Club with star and crescent. — II — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 522.

Club between stars. — II — Lacedemonians-Laconia (Peloponnesus), 523.

Club and serpent-staff. — II — Cos (Is. of Caria), 524.

Club and thyrsus. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 525, 526.

Club and thyrsus in saltire. — II — Thebes (Boeotia), 527; Leptis Magna (Syrtica), 528 to 530b.

Club in wreath. II Thasos (Is. Thrace), 531; Laconia (Peloponnesus), 532 to 534; Leptis Magna (Syrtica), 535 to 536.

Club in wreath of apple. — II — Berenice II, Queen of Egypt, 537.

Club in wreath of laurel. — II — Caelia (Apulia), 538; Perinthus (Thrace), 539; Thasos (Is. Thrace), 540, 541; Macedonia as a Roman Province, 542 to 545; Heraclea Trachinia (Thessaly),546; Cyzicus (Mysia), 547; Parium (Mysia), 548; Birytis (Troas), 549 to 552; Heraclea ad Latmum (Ionia), 553 to 557; Mithridates Philo (Armenia?) 558; Juba II, King of Mauretania 558 a, 558 b; Ptolemaeus King of Mauretania 558 c.

Club within wreath of oak.— II — In general Macedonia 559 to 562; Uncertain mint Macedonia, 563; Macedonia, as Roman Province, 564 to 569; Amphaxitis (Macedonia), 570; Amphipolis (Macedonia), 571, 572; Heraclea Sintica (Macedonia), 573; Perseus, King of Macedonia, 574; Philip V, King of Macedonia, 575 to 578; In general Epirus, 579; Leucas (Acarnania), 580 to 582; Heraclea ad Latmum (Ionia), 583; Alinda (Caria), 584 to 586; Seleucia ad Calycadnum (Cilicia), 587; Tarsus (Cilicia), 588 to 590; Tarsus (when called Antiochia ad Cydnum) (Cilicia), 591; Sardes (Lydia), 592, 593.

Club within wreath of olive. — II — Heraclea Trachinia (Thessaly), 594.

Club in wreath of parsley. — II — Argos (Argolis), 595, 596; Cleonae (Peloponnesus), 597.

Clubs two. — II — Tuder (Umbria), 598.

Clubs two with one handle.— II — Vibo Valentia (Bruttii), 599.

Cnemis, *see* Greaves. — II — .

Cockle shell *see* shell cockle. — V —.

Column on base adorned with flower. — V — Phanagoria (Bosporus), 29.

Column corinthian between two altars. — V — Sagalassus (Pisidia), 30.

Column doric surmounted by group of lioness and ram (tomb of Laïs). — V — Corinth (Corinthia), 31, 32.

Column ionic surmounted by head of Hera. — V — Chalcis (Euboea), 33.

Column surmounted by lyre.— V — Calchedon (Bithynia), 34.

Column and prow of vessel.— V — Perga (Pamphylia), 35.

Conical stone *see* pyramidal, or conical stone baetyl. — V.

Constellation of the ploughman. — VI —Alexandria (Egypt,) 141 a.

Constellation of the reaper?— VI —Alexandria (Egypt),142.

Coral, three branches in Basket, *see* Basket with three branches of coral. — I.

Corn ear (*see also* barley ear of). — III — Bailo (Baetica), 1129, 1130; Ceret (Baetica), 1131; Ilipa Magna (Baetica), 1132 to 1135; Iliturgi (Baetica), 1136; Ituci (Baetica), 1137, 1138; Laelia (Baetica), 1139, 1140; Myrtilis (Hispania ult.), 1141, 1142; Obulco (Baetica), 1143, 1144; Olont (Baetica), 1145, 1146; Traducta (Baetica), 1147, 1148; Arpi (Apulia), 1149; Neapolis (Apulia), 1150, 1151; Paestum (Lucania), 1152, 1153; Olbia (Sarmatia), 1154; Amphipolis (Macedonia), 1155, 1156; Traelium or Tragilus (Macedonia), 1157 to 1159; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 1160; Eretria (Euboea), 1161; Orchomenus

(Boeotia), 1162, 1163; Pale (Peloponnesus), 1164; Paros (Aegean Is.), 1165 to 1170; Eresus (Lesbos), 1171 to 1175; Balbura (Lycia), 1176; Isinda (Pisidia), 1177; Tarsus (Cilicia), 1178.

Corn ear and "Βαχχος". — III — Athens (Attica), 1179.

Corn ear of, with branch (*see also* Branch with ear of corn). — III — Laelia (Baetica), 1180, 1181.

Corn ear of, with grapes. — III — Massinissa King of Numidia, 1182.

Corn ear of, with grapes and star (*see also* grapes bunch of and star). — III — Semes (Mauretania), 1183.

Corn ear of, and hare. — III — Messana (Sicily), 1184, 1185.

Corn ear of, with poppy-head. — III — Nysa (Lydia), 1186, 1187.

Corn ear of, with poppy-heads. — III — Apamea (Seleucis and Pieria), 1188.

Corn ear of, in wreath. — III — Pyrrhus King of Epirus, 1189, Mostene (Lydia), 1190.

Corn two ears of. — III — Acinipo (Baetica), 1191 to 1195; Callet (Baetica), 1196; Carmo (Baetica), 1197 to 1213; Ceret (Baetica), 1214, 1215; Ilipla (Baetica), 1216; Ituci (Baetica), 1217 to 1220; Laelia (Baetica), 1221, 1222; Lastigi (Baetica), 1223, 1224; Onuba (Baetica), 1225 to 1227; Ostur (Baetica), 1228; Siarum (Baetica), 1229, 1230; Arpi (Apulia), 1231; Miletopolis (Mysia), 1232; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1233; Aradus (Phoenicia), 1234; Cirta (Numidia), 1235; Tingis (Mauretania), 1236 to 1239; Zilis (Mauretania), 1240, 1240a; Lix (Mauretania), 1241; Tamusia (Mauretania), 1242; Uncertain, 1243.

Corn two ears of, with grapes. — III — Sagalassus (Pisidia), 1244; Phraates IV King of Parthia, 1245.

Corn two ears of, with grapes and poppy. — III — Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1246.

Corn two ears of, over maeander symbol. — III — Apameia (Phrygia), 1247.

Corn two ears of, between two poppies. — III — Erythrae (Ionia), 1248, 1249; Alexandria (Egypt), 1250.

Corn two ears of, with poppy-head. — III — Athens (Attica), 1251; Elaea (Aeolis), 1252, 1253; Smyrna (Ionia), 1254.

Corn two ears of, on one stalk. — III — Uncertain (Sicily), 1255; Athens (Attica), 1256; Myconos (Aegean Is.), 1257; Paros (Aegean Is.), 1258.

Corn two ears of, in wreath. — III — Athens (Attica), 1259.

Corn three ears of. — III — Arpi (Apulia), 1260; Abdera (Thrace), 1261; Lappa (Crete), 1262; Calchedon (Bithynia); 1263, 1264; Cyzicus (Mysia), 1265; Miletopolis (Mysia), 1266; Attuda (Caria), 1267; Laodicea ad Lycum (Phygia), 1268; Ancyra (Galatia), 1269; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1270 to 1275; Carthago (Zeugitana), 1276; Tingis (Mauretania), 1277; Uncertain (Mauretania), 1278 to 1282.

Corn three ears of, in wreath. — III — Chalcis (Euboea), 1283.

Corn three ears of, on one stalk. — III — Chalcedon (Bithynia), 1284, 1285; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1286.

Corn three ears of and two poppy-heads. — III — Gabala (Seleucis and Pieria), 1287.

Corn four ears of, on altar. — III — Lascuta (Baetica), 1288 to 1290.

Corn four ears of and hare. — III — Messana (Sicily), 1291.

Corn four ears of, in kalathos. — III — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1292.

Corn four ears of, springing from mount argaeus. — III — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1293.

Corn several ears of, in sheaf. — III — In general Bithynia, 1294; Erythrae (Ionia), 1295; Blaundus (Lydia), 1296; Nysa (Lydia), 1297, 1298; Philadelphia (Lydia), 1299; Sardes (Lydia), 1300; Tralles (Lydia), 1301, 1302; Acmoneia (Phrygia), 1303, 1304; Apameia (Phrygia), 1305 to 1309; Metropolis (Phrygia), 1310; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1311 to 1313; Philadelphia (Decapolis), 1314; Alexandria (Egypt), 1315, 1316.

Corn several ears of, in sheaf with poppy. — III — Cilbiani Inferiores (Lydia), 1317; Alexandria (Egypt), 1318.

Corn-grain. — III — Orchomenus (Boeotia), 1367 to 1372; Elaea (Aeolis), 1374 to 1379; Neandria (Troas), 1380 to 1382.

Corn-grain and grapes. — III — Neandria (Troas), 1383; Myconos (Aegean Is.), 1384 to 1388.

Corn-grain half. — III — Orchomenus (Boeotia), 1389, 1390.

Corn-grain and mussel. — III — Cumae (Campania), 1391.

Corn-grains three. — III — Orchomenus (Boeotia), 1392, 1393.

Corn stalk of. — III — Romans in Sicily, 1319.

Cornucopiae. — IV — Dipo (Hispania Ulterior), 267; Cabellio (Gallia), 268, 269. — Iguvium (Umbria), 270 to 272; Larinum (Frentani), 273; Neapolis (Campania), 274; Paestum (Lucania), 275 to 278; Thurium (Lucania), 279, 280; Copia (Lucania), 281 to 283; Byzantium (Thrace), 284; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 285; Argos (Peloponnesus), 286; Hadriani (Mysia), 287; Lalassus (Cilicia), 288; Tarsus (Cilicia), 289; Mastaura (Lydia, 290; Nysa (Lydia), 291; Philadelphia (Lydia), 292; Sardes (Lydia), 293; Tralles (Lydia),

294; Apameia (Phrygia), 295; Laodicea (Phrygia), 296 to 298; Apamea (Seleucis and Pieria), 299; Demetrius I, King of Syria, 300; Alexander II, King of Syria, 301; Carne (Phoenicia), 302; Ptolemaïs Ace (Phoenicia), 303; Antigonus (Judaea), 304; Gotarzes I, King of Parthia, 305; Theophilus, King of Bactria and India, 306; Alexandria (Egypt), 307 to 310.

Cornucopiae ended in animals head horned. — **IV** — Larinum Frentani (Italy), 311.

Cornucopiae and caduceus. — **IV** — Laodicea (Phrygia), 312.

Cornucopiae, cista and ear of corn, *see* cista, cornucopiae and ear of corn. — **I**.

Cornucopiae, club and eagle. — **IV** — Berenice II and Ptolemaeus III (Egypt), 313.

Cornucopiae and eagle. — **IV** — Laodicea (Phrygia), 314; Berenice II, queen of Egypt, 315.

Cornucopiae filleted. — **IV** — Neapolis (Campania), 316; Paestum (Lucania), 317, 318; Aetna (Sicily), 319; Kavaros, Gaulish King (Thracian Tribes), 320; Apollonia (Illyria), 321, 322; Parium (Mysia), or Paros (Aegean Is), 323; Caunus (Caria), 324 to 326; Sagalassus (Pisidia), 327; Mastaura (Lydia), 328, 329; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 330; Alexander I and Cleopatra (Syria), 331; Berenice II, Queen of Cyrenaica and Egypt, 332 to 335; Arsinoe III and Ptolemaeus IV Philopator, King of Egypt (Cyprus), 336.

Cornucopiae with grapes and corn. — **IV** — Heraclea Salbace (Caria), 337.

Cornucopiae between pilei, *see* Pilei and cornucopiae. — **IV**.

Cornucopiae radiate. — **IV** — Ptolemaeus III, King of Egypt, 338 to 340.

Cornucopiae radiate and two stars. — **IV** — Ptolemaeus V Epiphanes, King of Egypt, 341, 342.

Cornucopiae and rudder crossed, *see* Rudder and cornucopiae crossed. — **V**

Cornucopiae entwined by serpent. — **IV** — Byllis (Illyria), 343.

Cornucopiae and star. — **IV** — Arsinoe III Philopator, Queen of Egypt, 344, 345.

Cornucopiae and two stars. — **IV** — Berenice II, Queen of Cyrenaica, 346, 347.

Cornucopiae and thunderbolt. — **IV** — Valentia (Hispania Citerior), 348; Paestum (Lucania), 349.

Cornucopiae and thyrsus. — **IV** — Juba II, King of Mauretania, 350.

Cornucopiae and trident. — **IV** — Juba II, King of Mauretania, 351.

Cornucopiae winged. — **IV** — Neapolis (Campania), 352.

Cornucopiae in wreath. — **IV** — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 353.

Cornucopiae double. — **IV** — Vibo Valentia (Bruttii), 354 to 363; Cremna and Ceraitae (Pisidia), 364; Laodicea (Phrygia), 365 to 367; Alexander II, King of Syria, 368 to 370; Cleopatra and Antiochus VIII (Syria), 371; Cleopatra, Queen of Syria, 372; Seleucus VI, King of Syria, 373; Antiochus XI, King of Syria, 374; Marathus (Phoenicia), 375; Arsinoe II, Queen of Egypt, 376 to 390; Arsinoe III, Queen of Egypt, 391, 392; Arsinoe III and Ptolemaeus IV (Egypt), 393; Ptolemaeus VIII, King of Egypt, 394; Ptolemaeus X and Cleopatra III (Egypt), 395; Cleopatra VII and Ptolemaeus XVI of Egypt (Cyprus), 396; Livia (Sister of Augustus), Alexandria (Egypt), 397; Uncertain, 398.

Cornucopiae double and star. — **IV** — Vibo Valentia (Bruttii), 399. 400.

Cornucopiae double and two stars. — **IV** — Ptolemaeus X and Cleopatra III (Egypt), 401.

Cornucopiae two. — **IV** — Perinthus (Thrace), 402; Buthrotum (Epirus), 403; Alexander II, King of Syria, 404; Antiochus IV, King of Commagene, 405, 406; Aretas, King of Nabathaea (Arabia), 407; Rabbel II, King of Arabia, 408; Phraates IV, King of Parthia, 409; Alexandria (Egypt), 410.

Cornucopiae two with anchor, *see* Anchor between two cornucopiae. — **V**.

Cornucopiae two with caduceus, *see* Caduceus between two cornucopiae. — **IV**.

Cornucopiae two with club, on which owl. — **IV** — Lebedus (Ionia), 411.

Cornucopiae two with head projecting from each, *see* Anchor between two cornucopiae). — **V**.

Cornucopiae with palm. — **IV** — Ptolemaeus, King of Mauretania, 412.

Cornucopiae two and poppy-head. — **IV** — Judas Aristobulous, King of Judaea, 413; Alexander Jannaeus, King of Judaea, 414.

Cornucopiae two and thunderbolt. — **IV** — Philomelium (Phrygia), 415, 416.

Couch for lectisternium. — **I** — Nicomedia (Bithynia), 1340.

Crescent. — **VI** — Vestini (Picenum), 1; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 2, 3; Luceria (Apulia), 4, 5; Venusia (Apulia), 6; Thespiae (Boeotia), 7 to 8a; Athens (Attica), 9; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 10 to 13; Cydonia (Crete), 14; Sigeum (Troas), 15; Alexandria (Egypt), 16.

Crescent and anchor, *see* Anchor and Crescent — **V**.

Crescent upon crab, *see* Cancer sign of. — **VI**.

Crescent upon globe. — **VI** — Carrhae (Mesopotamia), 17.

Crescent and labyrinth. — **VI** — Cnossus (Crete), 18, 19.

Crescent and leaf. — **VI** — Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 20.

Crescent and star. — **VI** — Populonia (Etruria), 21; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 22; Venusia (Apulia), 23; Marcianopolis (Moesia Inf.), 24; Nicopolis (Moesia Inf.), 25; Byzantium (Thrace), 26 to 29; Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 30; Uranopolis (Macedonia), 31; Pharcadon (Thessaly), 32; Leucas (Acarnania), 33; Cydonia (Crete), 34, 35; Magnesia ad Maeandrum (Ionia), 36; Magydus (Pamphylia), 37; Carrhae (Mesopotamia), 38, 39; Orodes I, King of Parthia, 40 to 42; Phraates IV, King of Parthia, 43; Phraates V, King of Parthia, 44; Artabanus III, King of Parthia, 45; Gotarzes, King of Parthia, 46; Carrhae (Mesopotamia), 47, 48; Ptolemaeus, King of Mauretania, 49; Alexandria (Egypt), 50.

Crescent and two stars. — **VI** — Iguvium (Umbria), 51; Sylandus (Lydia), 52; Stectorium (Phrygia), 53.

Crescent and three stars. — **VI** — Marcianopolis (Moesia Inf.), 54; Philippopolis (Thrace), 55; Nicomedia, (Bithynia), 56.

Crescent and stars. — **VI** — Pautalia (Thrace), 57; Philippopolis (Thrace), 58.

Crescent in laurel wreath. — **VI** — Uncertain Island between Africa and Sicily, 59.

Crescents two, back to back. — **VI** — Iceni (Britain), 60, 61; Ingots (Central Italy), 62; Tarentum (Calabria), 63; Thespiae (Boeotia), 64.

Crescents two, back to back and dots. — **VI** — Rubi (Apulia), 65; Tarentum (Calabria), 66 to 68.

Crescents two and stars. — **VI** — Aes Grave (Central Italy) 69, 70; Tarentum (Calabria), 71, 72.

Crescents three. — **VI** — Caelia (Apulia), 73, 73a; Venusia (Apulia), 74; Croton (Bruttii), 75; Cydonia (Crete), 76 to 78; Tanus (Crete), 79; Athens (Attica), 80.

Crescents three and stars. **VI** Venusia (Apulia), 81 to 83.

Crescents three united. **VI** Thebe (Mysia), 84.

Crescents three forming triskeles, *see* Triskeles of crescents. **IV**.

Crescents three within wheel. **IV** Uncertain Aes Grave (Etruria), 85.

Crescents four. **VI** Athens (Attica), 86.

Crescents four and dots. **VI** Heraclea (Lucania), 87.

Crescents five. **VI** Megara (Megaris), 88.

Crest of helmet *see* Helmet crest of. **II**.

Cross. — **VI** — Ausci (Gallia), 648; Longostaletes (?) South Western Gallia, 649; Gaulish of Central Europa, 650.

Cross with pellets at extremities. — **VI** — Early Electrum (Ionia), 651.

Cross in vine wreath. — **VI** — Chios (Is. Ionia), 652.

Cross-like lines. — **VI** — Populonia (Etruria), 653.

Crown Agonistic. — **I** — (Type looking alike to a vase and called previously Agonistic Urn, but representing Crown for prize). — Nemosus (Gallia), 649; Nicaea (Bithynia), 650; Perga (Pamphylia), 651; Termesus (Pisidia), 652; Sardes (Lydia), 653; Tralles (Lydia), 654, 655.

Crown Agonistic between two branches. — **I** — Emisa (Seleucis and Pieria), 656.

Crown Agonistic with figures. — **I** — Byzantium (Thrace), 657; Laodicea (Seleucis and Pieria), 658; Heliopolis (Coele-Syria), 659.

Crown Agonistic containing palm. — **I** — Byzantium (Thrace), 660; Perinthus (Thrace), 661; Philippopolis (Thrace), 662; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 663 to 667; Nicaea (Bithynia), 668; Metropolis (Ionia), 669 to 672; Adana (Cilicia), 673; Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia), 674, 675; Nysa (Lydia), 676, 677; Sardes (Lydia), 678, 679; Thyatira (Lydia), 680, 681; Synnada (Phrygia), 682; Ancyra (Galatia), 683 to 685; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 686; Emisa (Seleucis and Pieria), 687; Damascus (Coele-Syria), 688, 689.

Crown Agonistic on table. — **I** — Macedonia (Under the Romans), 690; Anchialus (Thrace), 691; Perinthus (Thrace), 692; Philippopolis (Thrace), 693, 694; Nicopolis (Epirus), 695; Neocaesarea (Pontus), 696 to 698; Aphrodisias (Caria), 699 to 706; Tabae (Caria), 707, 708; Attalia (Pamphylia), 709; Perga (Pamphylia), 710 to 712; Side (Pamphylia), 713 to 715; Ariasus (Pisidia), 716; Anazarbus (Cilicia), 717, 718; Mopsus (Cilicia), 719; Tarsus (Cilicia), 720, 721; Nysa (Lydia), 722; Tralles (Lydia), 723; Ancyra (Galatia), 724, 725; Sidon (Phoenicia), 725a.

Crown Agonistic on table with figure. — **I** — Thessalonica (Macedonia), 726 to 729; Aphrodisias (Caria), 730; Corycus (Cilicia), 731 732; Tarsus (Cilicia), 733; Tripolis (Lydia), 734.

Crown Agonistic on table and inscribed. **I** — Cadi (Phrygia), 735; Hierapolis (Phrygia), 736; Laodicea (Phrygia), 737; Synnada (Phrygia), 739, 740.

Crown Agonistic on tripod. — **I** — Thessalonica (Macedonia), 741; Side (Pamphylia), 742.

Crowns Agonistic two. — I — Hierapolis and Smyrna (Phrygia), 743; Hierapolis and Sardes (Phrygia), 744; Ancyra (Galatia), 745; Tyrus (Phœnicia), 745 a.

Crowns Agonistic, two beside mount Argaeus. — I — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 746 to 748.

Crowns Agonistic two, with Urn for drawing lots. — I — Ancyra (Galatia), 749.

Crowns Agonistic two on table. — I — Macedonia in general, 750; Perinthus (Thrace), 751 to 754; Neocaesarea (Pontus), 755 to 758; Nicaea (Bithynia), 759; Nicomedia (Bithynia), 760; Ephesus (Ionia), 761; Aphrodisias (Caria), 762, 763; Side (Pamphylia), 764; Philadelphia, (Lydia), 765, 766; Philadelphia and Daldis (Lydia), 767; Sardes (Lydia), 768 to 770; Ancyra (Galatia), 771; Sidon (Phoenicia), 771 a; Tyrus (Phoenicia), 771 b, 771 c.

Crowns Agonistic two, on table inscribed. — I — Hierapolis (Phrygia), 772.

Crowns Agonistic two and five Apples on table. — I — Tralles (Lydia), 773.

Crowns Agonistic three. — I — Nicaea (Bithynia), 774, 775; Nicomedia (Bithynia), 776; Heliopolis (Coele-Syria), 777, 778.

Crowns Agonistic three on table. — I — Sardes (Lydia, 779.

Crowns Agonistic four. — I — Thessalonica (Macedonia), 780.

Crowns Agonistic four on table. — I — Sardes (Lydia), 781.

Crown decorated with Heads, on altar *see* Altar supporting crown, decorated with heads. — IV.

Crown archieratic. — VI — Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 654.

Crown decorated with heads. — VI — Tarsus (Cilicia), 655.

Crown decorated with double row of heads, on table. — VI — Tarsus (Cilicia), 656.

Crown plain of demiourgos. — VI — Anazarbus (Cilicia), 657;, Tarsus (Cilicia), 658.

Crown hemhem of Harpocrates. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 659, 660.

Crown of horns, uraei, disk and plumes. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 661.

Crown radiate. — VI — Tarsus (Cilicia), 662.

Crux Ansata, *see* Ankh. — VI.

Cuneiform strokes. — VI — Early Electrum (Ionia), 663, 664.

Cuirass — II — Alaesa (Sicily), 737; Aphrodisias and Plarasa (Caria), 738 to 741; Plarasa (Caria), 742; Conana (Pisidia), 743; Uncertain, 744.

Cuirass between trophies. — II — Nicaea (Bithynia), 745.

Cultus statue of athena magarsis. — VI — Demetrius II Nicator, King of Syria, 143.

Cultus statue of artemis, mummy-shaped, with two branches, stag and dog. — VI — Anemurium (Cilicia), 144.

Cultus statue of artemis, with hermes and sleeping figure, — VI — Seleucia (Cilicia), 145.

Cultus statue of priapus. — VI — Lampsacus (Mysia), 146, 147.

Cup. — I — Dium (Macedonia), 365; Pella (Macedonia), 366; Calchedon (Bithynia), 366 a; Fourth year of the first Revolt against Rome (Judaea), 367.

Cup with two handles. — I — Kotys I, King of Thrace, 368, 369.

Cup and Pliers. — I — Atrax (Thessaly), 370.

Cups two and thymiaterion. — I — Epidaurus (Peloponnesus), 371, 372.

Cupping-Vessel. — I — Amorgos Aegiale (Aegean Islands), 373 to 375.

Curtain of Apollo or Net on Omphallos *see* Omphalos. — IV.

Cypress-branch and ear of corn, *see* Branch of cypress and ear of corn. — III.

Cypress-tree etc., *see* Tree cypress, etc. — III.

Cypress-tree and altar, *see* Altar before cypress-tree. — IV.

Dagger. — II — Armorica (Gallia), 600.

Date-palm, *see* Tree-palm. — III.

Diadem. — VI — Apollodotus II Philopator, King of Bactria and India, 665; Dionysius, King of Bactria and India, 666.

Diadem containing inscription. — VI — Carthago-Nova (Hispania), 667.

Dioscuri altar of, *see* Altar of the dioscuri. — IV.

Dioscuri caps, or pilei of, *see* Pilei. — IV.

Diota. — I — Paestum (Lucania), 376; Cyzicus (Mysia), 377, 378; Erythrae (Ionia), 379; Gordus-Julia (Lydia), 380. (*see also* Amphora — I.)

Diota incuse. — I — Sybaris (Lucania), 381 to 383.

Diota in wreath. — I — Cassope (Epirus), 383 a to 387.

Disk with seven rays. — VI — Carbula (Baetica), 668.

Diskeles. — VI — Dynast Uncertain (Lycia), 756, 756 a.

Diskeles two behind a shield. — VI — Dynast uncertain (Lycia), 757.

Distaff within wreath. — I — Tarentum (Calabria), 1341.

Dolphin and Trident, *see* Trident and dolphin. — V.

Doric column surmounted by group of lioness and ram (Tomb of Laïs), *see* column doric, etc., — V.

Double-axe, *see* Axe double. — II.

Double floral pattern, or Garden of Alcinoüs. — VI — Apollonia (Illyria), 669 to 672; Dyrrhachium

(Illyria), 673 to 680; Monunius, King of Illyria, 681, 682 Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 683 to 691.

Ear of barley, *see* Barley ear of. — III.

Ear of corn, *see* Corn ear of. — III.

Ear of corn cut with sickle by figure, *see* Constellation of the Reaper. — VI.

Ear of corn in basket, *see* Basket containing poppy-head and ear of corn. — I.

Edifice round. — V — Panormus (Sicily), 36.

"Ethrog with Lulab", *see* Branches in bunch (or Twigs) with citron. — III.

Ewer (or Praefericulum). — I — Parium (Mysia), 388 to 391; Palestine (Judaea), 392.

Eye. — VI — Northern Gaul, 692, 693; Lesbos (Is.), 694 to 696. Uncertain mint (Lesbos), 697; Early Electrum (Ionia), 698; Kuprlli (Lycia), 699; Uncertain (Lycia), 700.

Eye and dolphin. — VI — Ekhib...? (Lycia), 701; Side (Pamphylia), 702.

Eye and two dolphins. — VI — Aperlae (Lycia), 703, 704; Thap. Dynast, of Telmessus (Lycia), 705.

Eyes two. — VI — Lesbos (Is.), 706 to 709.

Fascis and Axe, *see* Axe and fascis. — II.

Fern-leaf, *see* Leaf of fern. — III.

Fig-leaf, *see* Leaf of fig. — III.

Fir-tree etc., *see* Tree fir etc. — III.

Fire-Altar, *see* Altar-fire. — IV.

Fire-Beacon. — I — Erythrae (Ionia), 1342, 1343.

Fire and pedum in square. — I — Apollonia (Illyria) 1344.

Fiscus, clur and subsellium, *see* Club, fiscus and subsellium. — II.

Fish-spine. — VI — Tuder (Umbria), 710 to 714.

Floral Pattern, or star-like flower. — III — Lexovii (North-Western Gallia), 1553; North-Eastern Gallia, 1554; Maronea (Thrace), 1555; Rhizus (Thessaly), 1556; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 1557 to 1574; Argos (Peloponnesus), 1575; Cnossus (Crete), 1576 to 1579; Itanus (Crete), 1580 to 1586; In general Ceos (Aegean Is.), 1587; Carthaea (Aegean Is.), 1588; Coressia (Aegean Is.), 1589; Julis (Aegean Is.), 1590; Melos (Aegean Is.), 1591; Cyme (Aeolis), 1592 to 1596; Erythrae (Ionia), 1597 to 1613; Miletus (Ionia), 1614 to 1623; Hidrieus, Satrap of Caria, 1624; Pixodarius, Satrap of Caria, 1625; Selge (Pisidia), 1626; Salamis (Cyprus), 1627; Alexandra, wife of Alex. Jannaeus (Judaea), 1628; Orodes I, King of Parthia, 1629; Alexandria (Egypt), 1630, 1631; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 1632 to 1634; Uncertain, 1635 to 1637.

Floreal Pattern double, or garden of Alcinoüs, *see* double floreal pattern. — VI.

Flower. — III — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 1403, 1404; Argos (Peloponnesus), 1405; Alexander Jannaeus (Judaea), 1406.

Flower lily. — III — Antiochus VII, King of Syria, 1407; Simon Maccabeus (Judaea), 1408.

Flower lotus. — III — Perinthus (Thrace), 1409; Myndus (Caria), 1410; Uncertain King KI... ? Idalium (Cyprus), 1411 to 1414; Gras (?), King of Idalium (Cyprus), 1415 to 1417; Stasioikos, King of Idalium (Cyprus), 1418; Laodicea (Phrygia), 1419.

Flower rose. — III — Rhoda (Tarraconensis), 1420 to 1422; Traelium (Macedonia), 1423 to 1425; Cytnos (Aegean Is.), 1426 to 1429; Phanagoria (Bosporus), 1430, Aphrodisias and Plarasa (Caria), 1431, 1432; Astyra (Caria), 1433; Megiste (Caria), 1434 to 1437; Camirus, Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1438; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1439 to 1507; Soli (Cilicia), 1508; Paphos? (Cyprus), 1509.

Flower rose in incuse square. — III — Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1510 to 1528.

Flower rose full blown to front. — III — South Western Gallia, 1529; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1530 to 1539.

Flower rose surmounted by radiate solar disk. — III — Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1540.

Flower rose, buds two. — III — Rhodus (Is. Caria), 1541 to 1543.

Flowers of Silphium. — III — Early electrum (Ionia), 1544; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 1545 to 1552.

Foot right, surmounted by head of Sarapis. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 715, 716.

Fortress of Thebes, Kadmos before. — V — Tyre (Phoenicia), 42.

Fortress with two towers. — V — Gangra (Germanicopolis) (Paphlagonia), 43-44.

Fortress with three towers. — V — Nagidus (Cilicia), 45.

Fortress with four towers. — V — Strato I, King of Sidon (Phoenicia), 46.

Fountain of lion's head. — V — Pherae (Thessaly), 47.

Galley. V Saguntum (Lusitania), 632 to 634; Uncertain (Hispania), 635, 636; Massilia (Gallia), 637 to 643;

Byzantium (Thrace), 644; Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 645; Terone (Macedonia), 646; Demetrias (Thessaly), 647; Daorsi (Illyria), 648; Scodra (Illyria), 649, 650; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 651; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 652; Corinth (Corinthia), 653; Lyttus (Crete), 654; Amastris (Paphlagonia), 655; Apamea (Bithynia), 656 to 664; Calchedon (Bithynia), 665, 666; Cius Bithynia), 668; Nicomedia (Bithynia), 669; Cyzicus (Mysia), 670 to 674; Ephesus (Ionia), 675; Samos (Ionia), 676, 677; Smyrna (Ionia), 678, 679; Phaselis (Lycia), 680; Side (Pamphylia), 681, 682; Mazaios, Satrap of Tarsus (Cilicia), 683, 684; Antiochus IV, King of Syria, 685; Demetrius I, King of Syria, 686; Alexander I Bala, King of Syria, 687; Antiochus VII, King of Syria, 688; Aradus (Phoenicia), 689 to 692; Dora (Phoenicia), 693; Sidon (Phoenicia), 694 to 705; Tyre (Phoenicia), 706, 707; Ascalon (Judaea), 708.

Galley with one figure, on it *Astarte*. — V — Sidon (Phoenicia) 709; Tyre (Phoenicia), 710;

— on it *Nike*. — V — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 711, 712; Tripolis (Phoenicia), 713;

— on it *Pallas* on prow. — V — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 714;

— on it *Poseidon*. — V — Berytus (Phoenicia), 715;

— on it *Themistocles*. — V — Athens (Attica), 716 to 719.

Galley with two figures. *Sarapis* and *Caracalla*. — V — Nicaea (Bithynia), 720.

Galley with three figures, *Two females* and *Astarte*. — V — Tyre Phoenica.

Galley, or ship "argo". — V — Magnesia ad Maeandrum (Ionia), 722, 723.

Galley in harbour. — V — Caesarea Germanica (Bithynia), 724; Side (Pamphylia), 725.

Galley imperial. — V — Alexandria (Egypt), 726.

Galley inscribed "cenchreae". — V — Corinth (Corinthia), 727.

Galley approaching pharos. — V — Alexandria (Egypt), 728.

Galley with the pilei of the Dioscuri. — V — Phocaea (Ionia), 729, Tripolis (Phoenicia), 730.

Galley sailing. — V — Osonaba (Lusitania), 731. — Illercavonia, (Tarraconensis), 732 to 734; Dertosa (Tarraconensis), 735, 736; Byzantium (Thrace), 737, 738; Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 739; Perinthus (Thrace), 740 to 743; Nicopolis (Epirus), 744; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 745 to 749; Amastris (Paphlagonia), 750; Caesarea Germanica (Bithynia), 751; Nicomedia (Bithynia), 752 to 754; Ephesus (Ionia), 755; Miletus (Ionia), 756; Smyrna (Ionia), 757, 758; Side (Pamphylia), 759; Aegeae (Cilicia), 760; Tarsus (Cilicia), 761 to 765; Tripolis (Phoenicia), 766; Alexandria (Egypt), 767, 768.

Galleys two. — V — Nicopolis (Epirus), 769.

Galley forepart of. — V — Demetrias (Thessaly), 770; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 771 to 779; Leucas (Acarnania), 780, 781; Same (Peloponnesus), 782; Chalcis (Euboea), 783, 784; Gabala (Seleucis and Pieria), 785; Antiochus III, King of Syria, 786, 787; Seleucus IV, King of Syria, 788; Demetrius II, King of Syria, 789; Antiochus VII, King of Syria, 790 to 792.

Galley forepart of, with figure. — V — "*Apollo*", Antigonus Gonatas, King of Macedonia, 793; "*Artemis*", Magnetes Demetrias (Thessaly), 794, 795; "*Nike*", Demetrius Poliokertes, King of Macedonia, 796, 797.

Galley prow of. — V — Carteia (Baetica), 798 to 808; Gades (Baetica), 809; Sexi (Baetica), 810; Saguntum (Tarraconnensis), 811 to 813; Ariminum (Umbria), 814; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 815; Barium (Apulia), 816; Paestum (Lucania), 817, 818; Syris? or Hipponium (Lucania), 819; Panormus (Sicily), 820; Lipara (Is. Sicily), 821 to 823; In general Tauric Chersonese, 824; Panticapeum (Tauric Chersonese), 825 to 827; Olbia (Sarmatia), 828, 829; Byzantium (Thrace), 830, 831; Macedonia in general, 832 to 835; Amphipolis (Macedonia), 836; Bottiaei Emathiae (Macedonia), 837 to 840; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 841, 842; Magnetes (Demetrias) (Thessaly), 843 to 845; Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 846; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 847; Leucas (Acarnania), 848 to 852; Elatea (Phocis), 853; Thera (Euboea), 854; Athens (Attica), 855, 856; Megara (Megaris), 857 to 860; Aegina in general, 861 to 863; Corinth (Corinthia), 864; Chersonesus (Crete), 865, 866; Lyttus (Crete), 867; Agrippias Caesarea (Bosporus), 868; Phanagoria (Bosporus), 869, 870; Asander, King of Bosporus, 871; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 872 to 875; Apamea (Bithynia), 876; Cius (Bithynia), 877 to 882; Cyzicus (Mysia), 883; Cyme (Aeolis), 884; Elaea (Aeolis), 885; Erythrae (Ionia), 886; Lebedus (Ionia), 887 to 890; Magnesia (Ionia), 891; Smyrna (Ionia), 892 to 897; Pharnabazus, Satrap of Ionia, 898; Cnidus (Caria), 899 to 902; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 903; Phaselis (Lycia), 904 to 913; Salamis (Cyprus), 914, 915;

Alexander I, King of Syria, 916; Antiochus IX, King of Syria, 917; Aradus (Phoenicia), 918, 919; Alexandria (Egypt), 920; Uncertain, 921.

Galley prow of and anchor. — V — Nicopolis (Epirus), 922.

Galley prow of and branch. — V — Elatea (Phocis), 923.

Galley prow of and club. — V — Carne (Phoenicia), 924.

Galley prow of and column (or Palm-Tree). — V — Perga (Pamphylia), 925.

Galley prow of and cornucopiae. — V — Coela (Thracian Chersonese), 926 to 930; Eretria? (Euboea), 931.

Galley prow of, with figure. — V — Of *Aeneas* or *Cadmus*; Sidon (Phoenicia), 932; — of *Athena*; Phaselis (Lycia), 933; Aradus (Phoenicia), 934 to 937; — of *Nike*: Saguntum (Tarraconensis), 938, 939; Saguntum and Barsa? (Tarraconensis), 940; Leucas (Acarnania), 941, 942; Phaselis (Lycia), 943; — of *Warrior fighting*: Salamis (Cyprus), 944, 945.

Galley prow of with two figures of *Poseidon* and *Athena*. V — Aradus (Phoenicia), 946, 947.

Galley prow of, on which owl. — V — Athens (Attica), 948; Phaselis (Lycia), 949.

Galley prow of, above pilei. — V — Phocae (Ionia), 950 to 952; Antiochus VII, King of Syria, 953; Alexander II, King of Syria, 954.

Galley prow of, on which tripod. — V — Megara (Megaris), 955; 956.

Galley samian, prow of. — V — Samos (Is. Ionia), 957 to 977.

Galley, two prows of. — V — Samos (Is. Ionia), 978.

Galley (or ship), stern (or hinderpart) of. V Lipara (Is. Sicily), 979, 980; Tanagra (Boeotia), 981, 982; Phaselis (Lycia), 983 to 988; Demetrius I, King of Syria, 989; Antiochus III, King of Syria, 990; Seleucus IV, King of Syria, 991.

Galley stern of with *Nymph Histiaea*. — V — Histiala (Euboea), 992 to 999.

Gardens of Alcinoüs, *see* Double floral pattern. — VI.

Gates of city, *see* City-gates. — V.

Gates folding surmonted by statues. — V — Nysa (Lydia), 48.

Gateway of City between two towers. — V — Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 49.

Gemini sign of. — VI — Eucarpeia (Phrygia), 136.

Gerizim mount, *see* Mount Gerizim. — V.

Goats and amphora, *see* Amphora and goats. — I.

Gorgon head of, *see* Mask Gorgoneion. — VI.

Gorgoneion on Aegis. — VI — Syracuse (Sicily), 601; Amisus (Pontus), 601a, 602; Cabira (Pontus), 603; Chabacta (Pontus), 604, 604a; Comana (Pontus), 605; Laodicea (Pontus), 606; Amastris (Paphlagonia), 607; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 608; Soli (Cilicia), 609; Antiochus IV Epiphanos, King of Syria, 610; Alexander I, King of Syria, 611, 611a.

Grain of corn, *see* Corn-grain. — III.

Grapes bunch of. — III — Acinipo (Baetica), 474 to 481; Baesippo (Baetica), 482; Julia Traducta (Baetica), 483; Iguvium (Umbria), 484; Uncertain Aes Grave (Cent. Italy), 485; Tuder (Umbria), 486; Arpi (Apulia), 487; Neapolis (Apulia), 488; Locri (Bruttium), 489; Abolla (Sicily), 490; Calacte (Sicily), 491, 492; Catana (Sicily), 484, 485; Entella (Sicily), 486, 487; Naxus (Sicily), 488 to 498; Panormus (Sicily), 499; Sergention or Merusium (Sicily), 500, 501; Tauromenium (Sicily), 502 to 508; Lipara (Is. of Sicily), 509; Marcianopolis (Thrace), 510; Nicopolis ad Istrum (Moesia Inf.), 511, 512; Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 513, 514; Byzantium (Thrace), 515 to 519; Hadrianopolis (Thrace), 520 to 522; Maronea (Thrace), 523 to 530; Mesembria (Thrace), 531; Philippopolis (Thrace), 532, 533; Trajanopolis (Thrace), 534, 535; Alopeconnesus (Chersonesus of Thrace), 536; Hephaestia (Is. Thrace), 537; Eurea (Thessaly), 538; Scotussa (Thessaly), 539; Uncertain (Thessaly), 540; Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 541; Issa (Is. Illyria), 542, 543; Pharos (Is. Illyria), 544; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 545 to 555; Locri Opunti (Locris), 556, to 562; Uncertain mint (Boeotia), 563 to 564a; Thebes (Boeotia), 565 to 566; Eretria (Euboea), 567 to 571; Histiaea (Euboea), 572, 573; Athens (Attica), 574; Messenia (Peloponnesus), 575; Corone (Peloponnesus), 576 to 578; Cranae (Is. Laconia), 579; Cydonia (Crete), 580, 581; Eleuthernae (Crete), 582; Carthaea Is. Ceos (Aegean Is.), 583 to 593; Coressia, Is. Ceos (Aegean Is.), 594 to 599; Cythnos (Aegean Is.), 600; Melos (Aegean Is.), 601; Myconos (Aegean Is.), 602 to 606; Naxos (Aegean Is.), 607; Sicinus (Aegean Is.), 608; Tenos (Aegean Is.), 609 to 623; Apamea (Originally Myrlea) (Bithynia), 624; Pergamum (Mysia), 625, 625a; Perperene (Mysia), 626 to 629a; Neandria (Troas), 630; Scamandria (Troas), 631; Temnus (Aeolis), 631a to 636; Ephesus (Ionia), 637 to 639a; Erythrae (Ionia), 640; Teos (Ionia), 641 to 647; Chios (Is. Ionia), 648; Samos (Is. Ionia), 649; Oenoe (Icaria), 650; Cnidus (Caria), 650a to 652; Myndus (Caria), 653; Plarasa (Caria), 654; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 655; Diocaesarea (Cilicia), 656; Soli (Cilicia), 657, to 694; Attalea (Lydia), 695; Daldis

(Lydia), 696; Hermocapelia (Lydia), 697; Maeonia (Lydia), 698; Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia), 699; Nysa (Lydia), 700 to 703; Philadelphia (Lydia), 704, 705; Sala (Lydia), 706 to 710; Sardes (Lydia), 711; Silandus (Lydia), 712; Timolus (Lydia), 713; Tralles (Lydia), 714 to 725; Dionysopolis (Phrygia), 726, 727; Laodicea (Phrygia), 728, 729; Herod Archelaeus, King of Judaea, 730; Uncertain (Cyrenaica, or Aegean Is), 731 to 734; Lix (Mauretania), 734 a, 734 b.

Grapes bunch of and axe-double. — III — Tenedos (Troas), 735 to 739.

Grapes bunch of and club. — III — Thebes (Boeotia), 740.

Grapes bunch of and dolphin. — III — Julis. Is. Ceos (Aegean Is.), 741 to 751.

Grapes bunch of with ear of corn. — III — Massinissa, King of Numidia, 752; Sala (Mauretania), 752 a.

Grapes bunch of with two ears of corn. — III — Phraates IV, King of Parthia, 753.

Grapes bunch of and kantharos. — III — Naxos (Aegean Is.), 754.

Grapes bunch of between peda. — III — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 755.

Grapes bunch of and star. — III — Semes (Mauretania), 756 to 758.

Grapes bunch of on table. — III — Trapezius (Pontus), 759.

Grapes bunch of in wreath. — III — Enna (Sicily), 760.

Grapes bunch of in wreath of ears of corn. — III — Entella (Sicily), 761; Lysimachia (Thracian Chersonese), 762.

Grapes bunch of in wreath of ivy. — III — Naxus (Sicily), 763; Panticapaeum (Thrace), 764; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 765, 766; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 767; Corone (Peloponnesus), 768; Sardes (Lydia), 769.

Grapes bunch of in a wreath of vine. — III — Temnus (Aeolis), 770.

Grapes two bunches of. — III — Mende (Macedonia), 771; Meliboea (Thessaly), 772; Stratus (Acarnania), 773; Eretria (Euboea), 774, to 783; Cnidus (Caria,) 784, 785; Maeonia (Lydia), 786; Lix (Mauretania), 787, to 789.

Grapes two bunches of, between them kantharos. — III — Naxos (Aegean Is.), 790.

Grapes three bunches, arranged in triangle. — III — Locri Opunti (Locris), 791, 792.

Grapes four bunches of in a wheel. — III — Phlius (Peloponnesus), 793, 794.

Greaves (or cnemis). — II — Himera (Sicily), 746; Thronium (Locris), 747.

Hammer and tongs, *see* Tongs and hammer. — I.

Hand holding caduceus, *see* Caduceus in hand. — IV.

Hand open. — VI — Aes Grave, Tibur or Praeneste? (Central Italy), 717; Ardea? (Central Italy), 718.

Hand holding wreath, ears of corn and vine. — VI — Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia), 719.

Hand right grasping ears of corn and poppy-heads. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 720, 721.

Hands right two clasped. — VI — Paestum (Lucania), 722; Alaesa (Sicily), 723; Sagalassus (Pisidia), 724; Thyatira and Smyrna (Lydia), 725; Acmoneia (Phrygia), 726; Amorium (Phrygia), 727, 728; Cadi (Phrygia), 729; Cotiaeum (Phrygia), 730; Hierapolis and Ephesus (Phrygia), 731; Hierapolis and Smyrna (Phrygia), 732; Hierapolis and Sardes (Phrygia), 733; Hierapolis and Cyzicus (Phrygia), 734; Laodicea (Phrygia), 735 to 737; Peltae (Phrygia), 738; Prymnessus (Phrygia), 739; Synnada (Phrygia), 740; Alexandria (Egypt), 741 to 745.

Hands two grasping ears of corn and poppy-heads. — VI — Corinth (Corinthia), 746.

Hands two holding caestus *see*, Caestus on two hands. — II.

Hands two holding standard on prow. — VI — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 747 to 749.

Harbour of Zancle, *see* Sickle harbour of Zancle. — V.

Harbour with galley, *see* Galley in harbour. — V.

Harpa. — II — Gyaros (Aegean Is.), 601; Seriphos (Aegean Is.), 602 to 606; Amisus (Pontus), 607; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 608, 608 a; Astyra (Caria), 609; Astypalea (Caria), 610 to 613; Etenna (Pisidia), 614; Olba (Cilicia), 615; Cybistra (Cappadocia), 616; Rhosus (Seleucis and Pieria), 617.

Harpa and club *see* Club and harpa. — II.

Harpa in wreath. — II — Philip V, King of Macedonia, 618, 619; Larissa Cremaste (Thessaly), 620.

Harpae two. — II — Seriphos (Aegean Is.), 621.

Head-dress of Isis with sistrum, *see* Sistrum with head-dress of Isis. — VI.

Heart. — VI — Cardia? (Thracian Chersonese), 750 to 753.

Hellebore bud of, *see* Wheat-grain with its husk. — III —.

Helmet. — II — Entella (Sicily), 748, 749; Himera (Sicily), 750 751; Panormus (Sicily), 752; Herod Archelaus (Palestine), 753.

Helmet Campanian. — II — Uncertain (Sicily), 754.

Helmet Corinthian crestless. — II — Cumae (Campania), 755, 756; Croton (Bruttii), 757; Temesa (Bruttii), 758, 759; Scione (Macedonia), 760 to 764 a; Amyntas II, King of Macedonia, 765; Genthius, King of Illyria,

765 a ; Scodra (Illyria), 765 b, 765 c ; Argos (Argolis), 766 ; Tegea (Peloponnesus), 767 ; Phocis, 768 ; Melos (Aegean Is.), 769.

Helmet crested. — II — Aes Grave (Central Italy), 770, 771 ; Byzantium (Thrace), 772 to 774 ; Bastareus Dynast of Thrace, 775 ; Mesembria (Thrace), 776 to 780 ; Lete (Macedonia), 781 ; Orescii (Macedonia), 782 ; Uncertain King Dokimos (Macedonia), 783 ; Alexander I and Perdicas II (Macedonia), 784 to 790 ; Perdicas II (Macedonia), 791 ; Archelaus I (Macedonia), 792, 793 ; Uncertain (Macedonia), 794 ; Cranium (Peloponnesus), 795 to 797 ; Argos (Peloponnesus), 798, 799 ; Lampsacus (Mysia), 800, 801 ; Neandria (Troas), 802 ; Lesbos (Is. Aeolis), 803 ; Phocaea (Ionia), 804 ; Calymna (Is. Caria), 805 ; Apamea (Phrygia), 806 ; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 807 ; Leptis Magna (Syrtica), 807 a ; Oea, Macaraea and Bilan ? (Syrtica), 807 b.

Helmet crest of. — II — Heraclea (Ionia), 808.

Helmet facing. — II — Mesembria (Thrace), 809 ; Argos (Peloponnesus), 810.

Helmet Macedonian. — II — In general Macedonia, 811 to 817 ; Cassander, King of Macedonia, 818 ; Antigonus Gonatas, King of Macedonia, 819 ; Demetrius II, King of Macedonia, 820 ; Philip V, King of Macedonia, 821 ; Uncertain (Macedonia), 822 ; Pyrrhus, King of Epirus, 823, 824 ; Epicteteis (Phrygia), 825.

Helmet Macedonian with horn. — II — Antiochus VI, King of Syria, 826 ; Tryphon Diodotus, King of Syria, 827 to 831.

Helmet Phrygian. — II — Melos (Aegean Is.), 832.

Helmet on shield. — II — Camarina (Sicily), 833.

Helmet with sword and palm. — II — Uncertain, 834.

Helmet surmounted by star. — II — Orthagoria Stageira (Macedonia), 835 to 838.

Hemikotylion. — I — Astyra (Caria), 393.

Hoof of animal. — VI — Cranium (Cephallenia, Peloponnesus) 754 to 756.

Hoof of bull. — VI — Larissa (Thessaly), 757.

Hoof of horse. — VI — Alexander of Phĕrae (Epirus), 758.

Hoof of horse on shield, *see* Shield with device : " horse's hoof ". — II.

Hook. — VI — Arpi (Apulia), 759.

House of two storeys, *see* Temple of two storeys. — V.

Hydria on wheels. — I — Crannon (Thessaly), 394 to 398 ; Sciathus (Is. Thessaly), 399.

Hydria with nike. — I — Terina (Bruttii), 400, 401.

Idols two, archaic, *see* Stones, or idols two archaic. — IV.

Implements of sacrifice, *see* Sacrificial implements, — IV — *and* Praeficulum, etc. — I.

Ingot of silver with straps, for carrying it. — I — Damastium (Illyria), 1345 to 1350.

Inscription in wreath, *see* Wreath containing Inscription — VI — *see also* Monogram in wreath. — VI.

Isis head-dress of, with sistrum, *see* Sistrum with head-dress of Isis. — VI.

Ivy-leaf, *see* Leaf of ivy. — III.

Jawbone of animal. — II — Sybrita (Crete), 622.

Jawbone of animal and arrow. — II — Apollonia (Aetolia), 623.

Jawbone of boar and spear-head. — II — Panormus (Sicily), 624 ; Oeta (Thessaly), 625 ; In general Aetolia, 626 to 632 ; Amphissa (Locri Ozolae), 633 to 635 ; Thronium (Locris), 636.

Jupiter Planet in Pisces, *see* Pisces sign of. — VI.

Jupiter Planet in Sagittarius, *see* Sagittarius sign of. — VI.

Kalathos. — I — Athens (Attica), 915, 916 ; Apollonis (Lydia), 917.

Kalathos containing two ears of corn. — I — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 918.

Kalathos containing four ears of corn. — I — Erythrae (Ionia), 919 ; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 920.

Kalathos containing flowers. — I — Nysa (Lydia), 931.

Kalathos containing poppy-head and ears of corn. — I — Elaea (Aeolis), 922 to 926 ; Cos (Is. Caria), 927 ; Apollonis (Lydia), 928 ; Tralles (Lydia), 929.

Kantharos. — I — Aes Grave (Central Italy), 402 to 405 ; Tarentum (Calabria), 406, 407 ; Abdera (Thrace), 408 ; Philippopolis (Thrace), 400 ; Alopeconnesus (Thracian Chersonese), 410 ; Ketriporis (King of Thrace), 411 to 415 ; Ptolemaios (King of Thrace), 416 ; Aphytis (Macedonia), 417, 418 ; Mende (Macedonia), 419 to 422 ; Issa (Illyria), 423 ; Pharos (Illyria), 424 ; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 425 to 434 ; Uncertain Mint (Boeotia), 435 to 439 ; Acraephium (Boeotia), 440 to 444 ; Thebes (Boeotia), 445, 446 ; Athens (Attica), 447 ; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 448 ; Andros (Aegean Is.), 449 to 453 ; Melos (Aegean Is,), 454 to 457 ; Cius (Bithynia), 458 ; Nicaea (Bithynia), 459 ; Lampsacus (Mysia), 460 ; Cebren (Troas), 461 ; Cyme Aeolis), 462 ; Temnus (Aeolis), 463 ; Lesbos (Is.), 464 ; Methymna (Lesbos), 465 to 467 ; Teos (Ionia), 468 to 473 ; Astyra (Caria), 474 ; Nagidus (Cilicia), 475 ; Sardes (Lydia), 476 ; Antiochus VI, King of

Syria, 477, 478; Phraates IV, King of Parthia, 479; Artabanus III, King of Parthia, 480; Pacorus II, King of Parthia, 481 to 483 ; Uncertain, 484.

Kantharos on dolphin. — I — Lampsacus (Mysia), 485.

Kantharos amid dots. — I — Tarentum (Calabria), 486 to 491.

Kantharos and bunch of grapes. — I — Alopeconnesus (Thracian Chersonesus), 491 a, 492; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 493 to 507; Minoa (Aegean Is.), 508; Naxos (Aegean Is.), 509 to 513; Cius (Bithynia), 514; Methymna (Lesbos), 515, 516; Teos (Ionia), 517; Chios (Is. Ionia), 518.

Kantharos and Ivy. — I — Hatria (Picenum), 519, 520; Sybrita (Crete), 521.

Kantharos and palm. — I — Peparethus (Is. Thessaly), 522.

Kantharos between serpents. — I — Croton (Brutii), 523.

Kantharos amid stars. — I — Tarentum (Calabria), 524 to 526.

Kantharos and Thyrsos. — I — Naxos (Aegean Is), 527).

Kantharos in wreath. — I — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 528, 529; Melos (Aegean Is.), 530; Methymna (Lesbos), 531.

Kantharos in wreath of corn. — I — Cius (Bithynia), 532, 533.

Kantharos in wreath of ivy. — I — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 534; Naxos (Aegean Is), 535; Chios (Is. Ionia), 536.

Kantharos in wreath of Laurel. — I — Acraephium? (Boeotia), 537.

Kantharos in wreath of Vine. — I — Peparethus (Is. Thessaly), 538.

Kerchons, *see* Plemochoe. — I.

Key of temple, *sec* Temple-key. — V.

Kithara, *see* Lyre kithara. — VI.

Knife crooked. — II — Etenna (Pisidia), 637.

Knife, simpulum, and axe. — II — Gades (Baetica), 638.

Knife simpulum axe and star. — II — Gades (Baetica), 639.

Knife and spear-hunting. — II — Oeta (Thessaly), 640 to 642.

Knucklebone, *see* Astragalos. — VI.

Krater. — I — Aes Grave (Etruria), 539 to 543; Uncertain, Aes Grave (Central Italy), 544; Anaphe (?) (Aegean Is.), 545, 546; Naxos (Aegean Is.), 547 to 552; Apollonis (Lydia), 553, 554.

Krater kylix form. — I — Lapethus (Cyprus), 555.

Krater supporting vessel, containing fire. — I — Smyrna (Ionia), 556, 557.

Krater bound with wreath. — I — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 558.

Labarum. — VI — Uncertain, 760.

Labrys, *see* Axe-double. — II.

Labyrinth. — VI — Uncertain (Hispania), 761 to 763; Cnossus (Crete), 764 to 806.

Ladle, *see* Simpulum. — IV.

Lagobolon, *see* pedum. — VI.

Lagobolon and syrinx *see* Syrinx and lagobolon. — VI.

Lamp suspended. — VI — Cleopatra and Antiochus VIII Kings of Syria, 807.

Lance-head, *see* Spear-head. — II.

Laurel bough, or branch, *see* Branch of laurel. — III.

Laurel leaves of, *see* Leaves of laurel. — III.

Laurel-tree, *see* Tree laurel. — III.

Leaf. — III — Verica, Ruler in Sussex (Britain), 74.

Leaf of fern. — III — Western Britain, 75 to 76.

Leaf of fig. — III — Mytilene (Lesbos), 77; Idyma (Caria), 78 to 81 ; Camirus, Rhodes (Is. of Caria), 82 to 96.

Leaf of ivy. — III — Thebes (Boeotia), 97; Philetaerus, Eumene I, Attalus I, Kings of Pergamene, 98 ; Gongylos Dynast of Myrina and Gryneion (Aeolis), 99; Orthosia (Caria), 100; Uncertain, 101.

Leaf of ivy and eagle's head. — III — Elis (Peloponnesus), 102.

Leaf of ivy, on it trident. — III — Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 103.

Leaf of laurel. — III — Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 104.

Leaves of laurel. — III — Catana (Sicily), 105 ; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 106, 107.

Leaves of olive (or spray of). — III — Rhegium Bruttii), 108, 109; Elis (Peloponnesus), 110; Paphos (Cyprus), 110a.

Leaf of palm. — III — Motya (Sicily), 110b.

Leaf of selinon (wild celery). — III — Selinus (Sicily), 111 to 124.

Leaf of silphium. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 125.

Leaf of vine. — III — Acinipo (Baetica), 126, 127; Olbia (Sarmatia), 128; Aegium (Peloponnesus), 129 ; Judaea in general (first revolt), 130 to 133.

Lebes on tripod with doves sipping, *see* Tripod and birds sipping. — I.

Leo sign of. — VI Alexandria (Egypt), 137.

Lighthouse, *see* Pharos. — V.

Lily, *see* Flower lily. — III.

Lion, above it star and head, *see* Leo sign of. — VI.

Lion's scalp. — VI — Rhegium (Bruttii), 808 to 816; Messana (Sicily), 817, 818; Gortyna (Crete), 819 to 823; Cyzicus (Mysia), 824, 825; Lesbos (Is.), 826 to 826b; Samos (Is. Ionia), 827 to 845; Wad... Uncertain Dynast of Lycia, 846.

Lion's skin on club, *see* Club on which lion's skin. — II.

Lituus. — IV — Buthrotum (Epirus), 1068; Roman Procurators (Judaea), 1069.

Lituus ending in serpents head. — **IV** — Trocmi (Tavium), (Galatia), 1070.

Lituus and simpulum *see* Simpulum and lituus. — **IV**.

Lotus flower, *see* Flower lotus. — **III**.

" Lulab with Ethrog ", *see* Branches in bunch (or twigs) with citron. — **III**.

Lyre. — **VI** — Carbula (Baetica), 150. — Massilia (Gallia), 151; Tuder (Umbria), 152 to 154; Capua (Campania), 155, 156; Canusium (Apulia), 157, 158; Venusia (Apulia), 159; Thurium (Lucania), 160 to 163; Vibo Valentia (Bruttii), 164; Rhegium (Bruttii), 165 to 170; Adranum? (Sicily), 171 to 174a; Alaesa (Sicily), 175, 176; Calacte (Sicily), 177; Centuripe (Sicily), 178; Lilybaeum (Sicily), 179, 180; Menaenum (Sicily), 181, 182; Panormus (Sicily), 183; Syracuse (Sicily), 184 to 186; Tauromenium (Sicily), 187, 188; Melita (Is. near Sicily), 189; Olbia (Sarmatia), 190, 191; Abdera (Thrace), 192; Byzantium (Thrace), 193; Perinthus (Thrace), 194; Sestus (Thracian Chersonesus), 195 to 200; In gen. Macedonia, 201; Acanthus (Macedonia), 202, 203; Arnae (Macedonia), 204; Bottiaei (Macedonia), 205, 206; Chalcidice (Macedonia), 207 to 229; Olynthus (Macedonia), 230; Pella (Macedonia), 231; Apollonia (Illyria), 232 to 239; Issa (Is. Illyria), 240; Lapithae (Thessaly), 241 to 243; Scotussa (Thessaly), 244; Anactorium (Acarnania), 245; Leucas (Acarnania), 246 to 250; Calidon (Aetolia), 251; Delphi (Phocis), 252; Thebes (Boeotia), 253, 254; Thesphiae (Boeotia), 255 to 257; Athens (Attica), 258, 259; Megara (Megaris), 260 to 271; Patrae (Achaia), 272; Pellene (Peloponnesus), 273; Sicyon (Peloponnesus), 274, 275; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 276, 277; Aptera (Crete), 278; Lappa (Crete), 279; Cythnos (Aegean Is.), 280 to 283; Delos (Aegean Is.), 284 to 292a; Melos (Aegean Is.), 293; Thera (Aegean Is.), 294, 295; Apamea (Bithynia), 296 to 298; Calchedon (Bithynia), 299 to 300a; Prusias I, King of Bithynia, 301, 301*a*; Cyzicus (Mysia), 302 to 304; Lampsacus (Mysia), 305; Parium (Mysia), 306; Abydus (Troas), 307, 308; Alexandria (Troas), 309 to 313; Hamaxitus (Troas), 314, 315; Aegae (Aeolis), 316; Myrina (Aeolis), 317 to 321; Lesbos (Is.), 322 to 324; Methymna (Lesbos), 325 to 328; Mytilene (Lesbos), 329 to 349; Nesos (Lesbos), 350; Pordosilene (Lesbos), 351; Colophon (Ionia), 352 to 360; Smyrna (Ionia), 361, 362; Teos (Ionia), 363, 364; Tissaphernes, Satrap of Ionia, 365; Hierapolis (Phrygia), 366 to 368; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 369 to 371; Oea (Syrtica), 372.

Lyre (kithara). — **VI** — Alabanda (Caria), 373, 374; Amyzon (Caria), 375; Apollonia Salbace (Caria), 376; Halicarnassus (Caria), 377 to 379; Iasus (Caria), 380; Neapolis Myndiorum (Caria), 381; Calymna (Is. Caria), 382 to 387; Cos (Is. Caria), 388 to 390; In gen. Lycia, 391, 392; Amelas (Lycia), 393; Arycanda (Lycia), 394; Cragus (Lycia), 395 to 401; Cragus-Xanthus (Lycia), 402; Cyaneae (Lycia), 403; Gagae (Lycia), 404; Limyra (Lycia), 405, 406; Masicytes (Lycia), 407 to 419; Myra (Lycia), 420 to 422; Olympus (Lycia), 423, 424; Patara (Lycia), 425; Phaselis (Lycia), 426 to 428; Pinara (Lycia), 429; Rhodiapolis (Lycia), 430; Tlos (Lycia), 431; Xanthus (Lycia), 432; Termessus Minor (Pisidia), 433; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 434; Thysdrus (Byzacene), 435; Uncertain, 436.

Lyres two (kitharai). — **VI** — In gen. Lycia, 437; Cragus (Lycia), 438; Masicytes (Lycia), 439, 440.

Lyre (chelys). — **VI** — Halicarnassus (Caria), 441; Calymna (Is. of Caria), 442; Cos (Is. Caria), 443, 444; Seleucus VI, King of Syria, 445; Zeugma (Commagene), 446; Hieropolis (Cyrrhestica), 447.

Lyres two (chelyes). — **VI** — In gen. Lycia, 448, 449.

Lyre between laurel branches. — **VI** — Halicarnassus (Caria), 450 to 452.

Lyre formed out of bucranium. — **VI** — Caystriani (Lydia), 453, 454.

Lyre on column. — **VI** — Calchedon (Bithynia), 455.

Lyre, horns in shape of mice. — **VI** — Phaselis (Lycia), 456.

Lyre and omphalos. — **VI** — Neapolis (Campania), 457 to 459a.

Lyre and plectrum. — **VI** — Philadelphia (Lydia), 460.

Maeander pattern. — **VI** — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 847, 848; Priene (Ionia), 849, 850.

Maeander symbol. — **VI** — Tripolis (Lydia), 851.

Macedonian helmet, *see* Helmet Macedonian. — **II**.

Macedonian shield, *see* Shield Macedonian. — **II**.

Marks of value. — **VI** — Agrigentum (Sicily), 852; Camarina Sicily, 853 to 855; Entella (Sicily), 856; Himera (Sicily), 857 to 860; Leontini (Sicily), 861, 862; Siculo Punic, Panormus? 863 to 866; Lipara (Is. of Sicily), 867 to 874.

Marks of value in wreath. — **VI** — Mytistratus (Sicily), 875; Himera (Sicily), 876.

Mars planet in scorpio, *see* Scorpio sign of. — **VI**.

Mask. — VI — Pallantia (Tarraconensis), 483; Populonia (Etruria), 484, 485; Metapontum (Lucania), 486.

Mask bacchic. — VI — Pallantia (Tarraconensis), 487; Teos (Ionia), 488 to 490.

Mask of silenos. — VI — Hyrcanis (Lydia), 491; Dionysopolis (Phrygia), 492; Laodicea (Phrygia), 493.

Mask gorgoneion (or Gorgon head). — VI — Populonia (Etruria), 494 to 500; Camarina (Sicily); 501 to 506; Himera (Sicily), 507, 508; Segesta (Sicily), 509; Motya (Siculo-Punic), 510, 511; Neapolis (Macedonia), 512 to 527; Datos Neapolis (Macedonia), 528; Apollonia (Thrace), 529, 530; Sciathus (Thessaly), 531; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 532; Coroneia (Boeotia), 533 to 536; Eretria (Euboea), 537 to 545; Athens (Attica), 546; Cranium (Peloponnesus), 547; Tegea (Peloponnesus), 548, 549; Corinth (Corinthia), 550 to 552; Leucas (Col. of Corinth), 553 to 555; Praesus (Crete), 556; Seriphos (Aegean Is.), 557, 558; Parium (Mysia), 559 to 563; Abydus (Troas), 564 to 577; Cebren (Troas), 578; Lesbos (Is.), 579 to 582; Methymna (Lesbos), 583; Clazomene (Ionia), 584, 584a; Cyzicus (Ionia), 585, 586; Halicarnassus (Caria), 587; Selge (Pisidia), 588 to 594; Celenderis (Cilicia), 595, 596; Nagidus (Cilicia), 597; Uncertain (Phocaea?), 598; Uncertain, 599, 600.

Medusa head of, surrounded by Zodiac, *see* Zodiac surrounding head of Medusa. VI.

Melikertes altar under pine-tree *see* altar of Melikertes under pine-tree. IV.

Melikertes circular Temple of, *see* Temple circular of Melikertes. V.

Monogram in wreath. — VI — Byzantium (Thrace), 877; Orte (Thessaly) 878; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 879 to 882; Anactorium (Acarnania), 883; Medeon (Acarnania), 884, 885; Phocis in gen., 886 to 890; Megara (Megaris), 891; Achaean Ligue (Achaia, Peloponnesus) 892; " Without mint Mark ", 893; " Mint of Megara ", 894; " Mint of Aegira ", 895; " Mint of Aegium ", 896; " Mint of Corinthus ", 897; " Mint of Dyme ", 898; " Mint of Patrae ", 899; " Mint of Sicyon ", 900; " Mint of Elis ", 901; " Mint of Messenia ", 902; " Mint of Lacedaemon ", 903; " Mint of Argos ", 904; " Mint of Epidaurus ", 905; " Mint of Troezen ", 906; " Mint of Arcadia " (Antigoneia Mantineia), 907; " Mint of Caphyae " 908; — " Mint of Megalopopolis ", 909; " Mint of Pallantium ", 910; — " Mint of Tegea, 911; Dyme (Peloponnesus), 912, 912a; Pellene (Peloponnesus), 913 to 915; Sicyon (Peloponnesus), 916 to 932; Cranium (Peloponnesus), 933; Pale (Peloponnesus), 934; Same (Peloponnesus), 935 to 938; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 939; Cleonae (Peloponnesus), 940; Epidaurus (Peloponnesus), 941 to 944; Hermione (Peloponnesus), 944a to 947; Methana (Peloponnesus), 948, 949; Arcadia (Peloponnesus), 950; Cleitor (Peloponnesus), 950a, 950b; Thelpusa (Peloponnesus), 951; Corinth (Corinthia), 952; Delos (Aegean Is.), 953; Paros (Aegean Is.), 954; Rhescuporis, King of Bosporus, 955, 956; Calchedon (Bithynia), 956a, 956b; Cyzicus (Mysia), 956c to 961e; Parium (Mysia), 961f; Elaea (Aeolis), 962; Mytilene (Lesbos), 963; Nesos (Is. near Lesbos), 964; Caesarea Panias (Trachonitis), 965; Cossura (Is. between Africa and Sicily), 966.

Modius containing ears of corn. — I — Laodicea ad Mare (Seleucis and Pieria), 930; Sidon (Phoenicia), 930a.

Modius containing corn and poppy-head. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 931.

Modius adorned with rape of Persephone. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 932.

Modius in car drawn by two winged serpents. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 933.

Modius in biga of humped oxen. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 934.

Modius in quadriga. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 935.

Modius on column, flanked by winged serpents. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 936, 937.

Modius in temple. — I — Synnada (Phrygia), 938.

Modius between torches. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 939 to 942.

Monota, or single-handed vase, *see* Vase one-handled. — I.

Monument of sandan (or pyre). — V — Tarsus (Cilicia), 50 to 52; Demetrius II, King of Syria, 53; Antiochus VIII, King of Syria, 54; Cleopatra and Antiochus VIII (Syria), 55.

Mountain. — V — Synnada (Phrygia), 56.

Mount Apesas. — V — Cleonae (Peloponnesus), 57.

Mount Argaeus. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 58, 59.

Mount Argaeus, agalma of, on altar, *see* Altar on which agalma of mt. Argaeus. — IV.

Mount Argaeus, agalma of, in temple, *see* Temple distyle, within which agalma of mount Argaeus. — V.

Mount Argaeus, animals on. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 60.

Mount Argaeus with eagle on summit. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 61.

Mount Argaeus with eagle and vexilla. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 62.

Mount Argaeus with male figure on summit. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 63.

Mount Argaeus on which figure standing. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 64 to 68.

Mount Argaeus with cave. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 69.

Mount Argaeus with crowns, *see* crowns two beside mount Argaeus. — I.

Mount Argaeus and simulacra. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 70.

Mount Argaeus with star, or star and crescent, on, or near summit. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 71 to 77.

Mount Argaeus with stars above. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 78, 79.

Mount Argaeus with wreath on summit. — V — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 80.

Mount Gerizim. — V — Neapolis (Palestine), 81, 82.

Mount Parnassus. — V — Delphi (Phocis), 83.

Mount Persis. — V — Docimaeum (Phrygia) 84 to 86.

Mount Viaros. — V — Prostanna (Pisidia), 87, 88.

Muscle, *see* Shell mussel, or muscle. — V.

Muscle surrounded by dolphins, *see* Shell mussel, or muscle with dolphins. — V.

Muscle, out of which grows sea-plant, *see* Shell muscle and plant. — V.

Mussel-shell, *see* Shell mussel. — V.

Noah *see* Ark of noah. — V.

Oar-blade in olive wreath. — V — Berenice II Queen of Egypt, 1000.

Obelisk. — V — Byzantium (Thrace), 89 to 91; Apollonia (Illyria), 92 to 95.

Obelisk of Apollo Karinos. — V — Megara (Megaris), 96.

Obelisk in stadium. — V — Corinth (Corinthia), 91.

Obelisk in wreath. — V — Apollonia (Illyria), 98 to 100; Oricus (Illyria), 101; Ambracia (Epirus), 102 to 104.

Obelisks two. — V — Selge (Pisidia), 105.

Oenochoe. — I — Pisaurum (Umbria), 559; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 560; Terone (Macedonia), 561 to 569; Melos (Aegean Is.), 570, 571; Cyzicus (Mysia), 572; Proconnesus (Mysia), 573 to 575; Astyra (Caria), 576, 577.

Oenochoe between helmet and cornucopiae. — I — Paestum (Lucania), 578.

Oenochoe and lyre (Chelys). — I — Astyra (Caria), 579.

Objects doubtful, *see* Without denomination of type (doubtful). — VI.

Olive-branch, *see* Branch of olive. — III.

Olive spray, or sprig, *see* Leaves of olive. — III.

Olive-tree, *see* Tree olive with owl. — III.

Omphalos. — IV — Mamertini (Sicily), 417, 418.

Omphalos with Apollo and amphora. — IV — Myrina (Aeolis), 419.

Omphalos (circle with pellet in centre). — IV — Delphi (Phocis), 420.

Omphalos of Delphi. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 421.

Omphalos and lyre. — IV — Neapolis (Campania), 422 to 424.

Omphalos and serpent encircled on rock. — IV — Delphi (Phocis), 425.

Omphalos with asklepian serpent. — IV — Pergamum (Mysia), 426, 427; Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia), 428; Nacrasa (Lydia), 429, 430.

Owl on amphora, *see* Amphora on which owl. — I.

Owl on club between two cornucopiae, *see* Cornucopiae two with club, on which owl. — IV.

Owl on prow, *see* Galley prow of, on which owl. — V.

Palm-branch, *see* Branch of palm. III.

Palm-branch and agonistic crown, *see* Crown agonistic containing palm. I.

Palm-branch and amphora, *see* Amphora and palm. — I.

Palm-branch with club, *see* Club with Palm. — II.

Palm-branch with helmet and sword, *see* Helmet with sword and palm. — II.

Palm, or laurel branch, *see* Branch of laurel, or palm. — III.

Palm-branches two, *see* Branches of palm two. — III.

Palm dwarf fan, between greaves, *see* Branches three of palm dwarf fan, between greaves. — III.

Palm and grapes *see* Branch of palm and grapes. — III.

Palm-date, *see* Tree palm. — III.

Palm-tree, *see* Tree palm. — III.

Parazonium. — VI — Masicytes (Lycia), 967.

Pattern floral, *see* Floral pattern. — III.

Pear. — III — Uncertain, 795.

Pear and ear of barley. — III — Metapontum (Lucania), 796, 1057.

Pecten, *see* Shell cockle, or pecten, or scallop. — V.

Peda between which grapes, *see* Grapes bunch of between peda. — III.

Pedum, or lagobolon. — VI — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 975; Apollonia (Illyria), 976; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 977.

Pedum and fire, *see* Fire and pedum in square. — I.

Pedum and quiver. — VI — Cyon (Caria), 978.

Pedum and syrinx, *see* Syrinx and lagobolon. — VI.

Pentagram. — VI — Uncertain (Central Italy), 968 ; Pitane (Mysia), 969 to 974.

Pentagram on shield, *see* Shield with pentagram. — II.

Pharos. — V — Nicopolis (Epirus), 106 ; Abydus (Troas), 107 ; Erythrae (Ionia), 108 ; Laodicea ad Mare (Seleucis and Pieria), 109 ; Alexandria (Egypt), 110, 111.

Pharos and vessels. — V — Aegeae (Cilicia), 112, 113.

Pharos approached by galley *see* Galley approaching pharos. — V.

Pick-axe, *see* Axe, pick-axe. — II.

Pileus. — IV — Lipara (Is. Sicily), 431.

Pilei. — IV — Catana (Sicily), 432 to 434 ; Syracuse (Sicily), 435 ; Tyndaris (Sicily), 436, 437 ; Panticapaeum (Thrace), 438 ; Laconia (Peloponnesus), 439 ; Syros (Aegean Is.), 440, 441 ; Dioscurias (Bosporus), 442, 443 ; Colophon (Ionia), 444 ; Synnada (Phrygia), 445 ; Antiochus VII Sidetes, King of Syria, 446 ; Antiochus Eusebes X (Syria), 447 ; Tripolis (Phoenicia), 448 ; Alexandria (Egypt), 449.

Pilei and amphora. — IV — Tavium (Galatia), 450.

Pilei and cornucopiae. — IV — Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonese), 451 ; Melos (Aegean Is.), 452 ; Amasia (Pontus), 453 ; Amisus (Pontus), 454 ; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 455 ; Adramyteum (Mysia), 456 ; Berenice II, Queen of Egypt, 457, 458.

Pilei and eagle. — IV — Deiotarus I, King of Galatia 459.

Pilei on galley. — IV — Phocaea (Ionia), 460.

Pilei with griffin's head. — IV — Phocaea (Ionia), 461.

Pilei with harpa. — IV — Olbia (Cilicia), 462.

Pilei and palm-branch. — IV — Caesarea (Cappadocia), 463 ; Eucratides, King of Bactria and India, 464 to 467 ; Antialcidas, King of Bactria and India, 468 to 470, Antialcidas and Lysias, Kings of Bactria and India, 471 ; Archebius, King of Bactria and India, 472.

Pilei on throne. — IV — Demetrius I, King of Syria, 473.

Pine-cone. — III — Balsa (Lusitania), 797 ; Olont (Baetica), 798 ; Pale (Peloponnesus), 799 ; Pronni (Peloponnesus), 800, 801 ; Metropolis (Ionia), 802 ; Sagalassus (Pisidia), 802 a ; Attuda (Phrygia), 803 ; Uncertain (Phrygia), 804.

Pine-cones three on table. — III — Perga (Pamphylia), 804a.

Pine-tree *see* Tree fir. — III.

Pine-tree over altar of Melikertes *see* Altar of Melikertes under pine-tree. — IV.

Pinna nobilis. — VI — Cyzicus (Mysia), 979, 980.

Pisces sign of. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 138.

Plain reverse. — VI — Populonia (Etruria), 981 to 992 ; Abacaenum (Sicily), 993 ; Corinth (Corinthia), 994 ; Carthaea (Aegean Is.), 995 ; Uncertain, 996.

Plants two (styrax) in enclosure on basis. — III — Selge (Pisidia), 134 to 136.

Plant of silphium. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 137 to 180 ; Barce (Cyrenaica), 181 to 191 ; Evesperis (Cyrenaica), 192 to 194 ; Libya in general, 195 ; Ptolemaeus Soter (Cyrenaica), 196.

Plant of silphium and lion's head. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 197.

Plant of silphium and palm-tree. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 197 a.

Plants of silphium three. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 198 to 201.

Plemochoe (or Kerchons). — I — Athens (Attica), 580, 581.

Plemochoe on basis. — I — Eleusis (Attica), 582.

Plemochoe with ears of corn in handles. — I — Athens (Attica), 583 to 585.

Plemochoe in wreath of corn. — I — Athens (Attica), 586.

Plemochoe in wreath of olive. — I — Athens (Attica), 587.

Pliers and cup, *see* Cup and pliers. — I.

Plough. — VI Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 997 ; Heraclea (Lucania), 998 ; In gen. Bruttium, 999 ; Leontini (Sicily), 1000 ; Panormus (Sicily) 1001 ; Dium (Macedonia), 1002 ; Pella (Macedonia), 1003 ; Dyme (Peloponnesus), 1004 ; Cnossus (Crete), 1005, 1006.

Plough with ear of corn. — VI — Obulco (Baetica), 1007 to 1010 ; Parium (Mysia), 1011.

Plough, on share, bird. — VI — Centuripe (Sicily), 1012.

Plough drawn by serpents. — VI — Enna (Sicily), 1013.

Pomegranate, or apple. — III. — Melos (Aegean Is.), 805 to 825.

Pomegranate. — III — Side (Pamphylia), 826 to 837 ; Soli (Cilicia), 838 ; Gotarzes, King of Parthia, 839.

Pomegranate and dolphin. — III — Side (Pamphylia), 840 to 842.

Pontifical instruments, *see* Sacrificial implements. — IV.

Poppy-head and barley stalk, *see* Barley stalk and poppy-head. — III.

Poppy-head between two ears of corn, *see* Corn two ears of with poppy-head. — III.

Poppy-head with two ears of corn and grapes, *see* Corn two ears of, with grapes and Poppy. — III.

Portal of tempee, *see* Temple portal of. — V.

Porticoes surmounted by statues. — V — Pergamum (Mysia), 114.

Praefericulum, *see* Ewer. — I.

Praefericulum and lituus. — I — Uncertain, 588; Paestum (Lucania), 589, 590.

Praefericulum and patera. — I — Uncertain (Hispania), 591.

Praefericulum, patera, aspergillum and lituus. — I — Colonia Patricia (Baetica), 592, 593.

Praefericulum with ears of corn and cippus, on altar. — I — Lastigi (Baetica), 594.

Praefericulum, simpulum, lituus and sprinkler. — I — Antiochia (Pisidia), 595, 596; Alexandria (Egypt), 597.

Priapus statue of, *see* Statue of Priapus, — VI.

Prow of galley, *see* Galley prow of. — V.

Prow etc., *see* Galley prow of etc. — V.

Purses three on chest, *see* Chest agonistic, on which purses. — I.

Pyramidal, or conical stone baetyl. — V — Mallus (Cilicia), 117 to 126; Aphrodisias (Cilicia), 127.

Pyramidal, or conical stones two baetyl. — V — Tyre (Phoenicia), 128 (*see also* Tree and stones — III).

Pyramids two *see* Stones, or Idols two archaic. — IV.

Pyramids four. — V — Acanthus (Macedonia), 115, 116.

Quiver. — II — Syracuse (Sicily), 643; Olbia (Sarmatia), 644, 645; Callatia (Moesia Inf.), 646; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 647, 648; Euboea in general, 649; Athens (Attica), 650, 651; Zacynthus (Is. of Elis); 652; Argos (Argolis), 653 to 655; Cnossus (Crete), 656, 657; Gyaros (Aegean Is.), 658; Amisus, (Pontus), 659, 660; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 661, 662; Euippe (Caria), 663; In general Lycia, 664; Cragus (Lycia), 665, 666; Cragus and Xanthus (Lycia), 667; Masicytes (Lycia), 668, 669; Tlos (Lycia), 669a; Xanthus and Cragus (Lycia), 670; Isinda (Pisidia), 671, 672; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 673.

Quiver and club. — II — Aluntium (Sicily), 673 a.

Quiver and torch crossed. — II — Abydus (Troas), 674.

Quiver-like object. — II — Syracuse (Sicily), 675.

Quiver in wreath. — II — Apollonia (Illyria), 676; Zacynthus (Is. Elis), 677 to 679.

Race torch, *see* Torch racing. — IV.

Right hand, *see* Hand right. — VI.

Right foot, *see* Foot right. — VI.

Rock with building, etc., *see* View of amasia. — V.

Rock on which omphalos, *see* Omphalos and serpent encircled on rock. — IV.

Rose, *see* Flower rose. — III.

Rudder. — V — Carteia (Baetica), 1001 to 1004; Paestum (Lucania), 1005, 1006; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 1007; Corinth (Corinthia), 1008; Attalia (Pamphylia), 1009; Demetrius I Soter, King of Syria, 1010; Sidon (Phoenicia), 1011.

Rudder and anchor, *see* Anchor and rudder. — V.

Rudder and cornucopiae crossed. — V — Sardes (Lydia), 1012.

Rudder and dolphin. — V — Hyrium (Apulia), 1012 a.

Rudder between dolphin and spear-head. — V — Pale (Peloponnesus), 1013.

Rudder and globe. — V — Corinth (Corinthia), 1014.

Rudder handle of. — V — Cleopatra and Antiochus VIII (Syria), 1015.

Sacrificial cap, or apex. — IV — Melita (Is. near Sicily), 1055.

Sacrificial implements. — IV — Osca (Hispania Citerior), 1056; Carthago Nova (Hispania Citerior), 1057 to 1059; Corduba (Hispania Ulterior), 1060; Ebora (Lusitania), 1061; Gallia (North Eastern) 1062; Aes Grave of Etruria, 1063; Antiochia (Pisidia), 1064, 1065; Alexandria (Egypt), 1066, 1067; *see also* : praefericulum, etc. — I — ; *and* Simpulum, etc. — I.

Sagittarius sign of. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 139.

Saturn planet in Aquarius, *see* Aquarius sign of. — VI.

Scabbard. — II — Ariminum? (Umbria), 680.

Scales pair of, *see* Balance. — VI.

Scallop shell, *see* Shell cockle, or pecten, or scallop. — V.

Scarab. — VI — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 1014.

Sceptre. — VI — Olbia (Sarmatia), 1015; Agrippias Caesarea (Asiatic Bosporus), 1016.

Sceptre surmounted by human head, *see* Chair curule. — I.

Scorpio sign of. — VI — Alexandria (Egypt), 140.

Sea-fight, *see* Galleys two. — V.

Selinous-leaf, *see* Leaf of Selinon. — III.

Sella curulis, *see* Chair curule. — I.

Serpent staff, *see* Staff with serpent. — IV.

Sheaf of barley, *see* Barley ears of, in sheaf. — III.

Sheaf of corn, *see* Corn several ears of in sheaf. — III.

Shell cokle (pecten, or scallop). — V — Saguntum (Hispania Citerior), 1021, 1022; Ariminum (Umbria), 1023; Praeneste (Latium), 1023 a; Aes Grave (Cent. Italy), 1024 to 1028; Luceria (Apulia), 1029 to 1031; Venusia (Apulia), 1032; Butuntum (Calabria), 1033; Sturnium (Calabria), 1034, 1035; Tarentum (Calabria), 1036 to 1048; Uncertain (Calabria), 1049 to 1051; Agrigentum (Sicily), 1052; Messana (Sicily), 1053 to 1054; Syracuse (Sicily), 1055 to 1057;

Abdera (Thrace), 1058; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 1059, 1060; Melos (Aegean Is.), 1061; Cyzicus (Mysia), 1062.

Shell mussel, or muscle. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1063, 1064; Neapolis (Campania), 1065; Grynium (Aeolis), 1066, 1067.

Shell mussel with barleycorn. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1068, 1069.

Shell mussel with birds aquatic. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1070.

Shell mussel with crab. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1071.

Shell mussel with fish. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1072.

Shell mussel with locust. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1073.

Shell mussel with owl. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1074.

Shell mussel with pistrix. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1075.

Shell mussel with plant. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1076.

Shell mussel with star. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1077.

Shell mussel with strung bow. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1078.

Shell mussel surmounted by dolphin. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1079.

Shell mussel surrounded by dolphins. — V — Cumae (Campania), 1080, 1081.

Shell scallop, *see* shell cockle (pecten or scallop). V.

Shell whelk. — V — Hatria (Picenum), 1082, 1083; Mithrapata Dynast of Lycia, 1084; Uncertain (Lycia), 1085.

Shield. — II — Massilia (Gallia), 839; Ariminum (Umbria), 840; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 841; Paestum (Lucania), 842, 843; Mesembria (Thrace), 844; Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 845 to 847; Antiochia (Caria), 848; Aspendus (Pamphylia), 849; Selge (Pisidia), 850 to 852.

Shield of ajax. — II — Salamis (Attica), 853 to 858.

Shield amazonian. — II — Uncertain Town (Macedonia), 859.

Shield with anchor. — II — Antiochus I, King of Syria, 860, 861.

Shield boeotian. — II — Boeotia (Uncertain mint), 862 to 874; Acraephium (Boeotia), 875 to 877; Chaeroneia (Boeotia), 878, 879; Copae (Boeotia), 800 to 881; Coroneia (Boeotia), 882 to 893; Haliartus (Boeotia), 894 to 901; Lebadeia (Boeotia), 902; Mycalessus (Boeotia), 903 to 910; Orchomenus (Boeotia), 911 to 915; Pharae (Boeotia), 916 to 918; Plataea (Boeotia), 919 to 921; Tanagra (Boeotia), 923 to 951; Thebes (Boeotia), 952 to 989; Thespiae (Boeotia), 990 to 996.

Shield, behind it two diskeles. — II — Uncertain Dynast of Lycia, 997.

Shield, on it horse's hoof. — II — Larissa (Thessaly), 998.

Shield macedonian. — II — In general Macedonia, 999 to 1005; Bottiaei Emathiae (Macedonia), 1006 to 1008; Scodra (Illyria), 1009; Genthius, King of Illyria, 1010; Uncertain King, Scodra (Illyria), 1011; Pyrrhus, King of Epirus, 1012; Philadelphia (Lydia), 1013; Antiochus II or III, King of Syria, 1014.

Shield macedonian with head of Philip V, as perseus. — II. — Philip V, King of Macedonia, 1015.

Shield macedonian with head of Antiochus IV. — II — Alexandria ad Issum (Cilicia), 1016.

Shield ornamented. — II — Early Electrum (Ionia), 1017.

Shield oval. — II — Tarsus (Cilicia), 1018.

Shield with pentagram. — II — Pitane (Mysia), 1019, 1020.

Shield round, with spear, etc. — II — Cotys I, King of Bosporus, 1021; Sauromates I, King of Bosporus, 1022, 1023; Cotys II, King of Bosporus, 1024; Rhoemetalces, King of Bosporus, 1025; Sauromates II, King of Bosporus, 1026; In general Bithynia, 1027 to 1029; Heraclea (Bithynia), 1030; Oea, Macaraea and Bilan? (Syrtica), 1030 a.

Shield oval with spear. — II — Leucon II or III, King of Bosporus, 1031.

Shield on which thunderbolt. — II — Molossi (Epirus), 1032, 1033; Elis (Peloponnesus), 1034.

Shield with tripod. — II — Antiochus I, King of Syria, 1035.

Shield on wheel. — II — Early Electrum (Ionia), 1036.

Shield without ornament. — II — Samos (Ionia), 1037.

Shield with device " bull's head ". — II — Polyrhenium (Crete), 1038.

Shield with device " bull ". — II — Rhosus (Seleucis aud Pieria), 1039.

Shield with device " two cocks ". — II — Khärẵi as Dynast of Antiphellus (Lycia), 1040; Täththiväibi as Dynast of Antiphellus? 1041.

Shield with device " seated griffin ". — II — In general Lycia, 1042.

Shield with device " forepart of horse. — II — Aspendus (Pamphylia), 1043, 1044.

Shield with device " ox's hoof ". — II — Larissa (Thessaly), 1045.

Shield with device " pegasos ". — II — Khin... (Lycia), 1046 to 1048; Uncertain Dynast (Lycia), 1049.

Shield with device " winged boar ". — II — Väkhssära Dynast of Patara (Lycia), 1050.

Shield with device " winged lion ". — II — Kupṛlli (Lycia), 1051.

Shield with device "winged stag". — II — Uncertain (Lycia), 1052, 1053.

Shields two crossed with two spears. — II — Felix, Procurator of Claudius at Jerusalem, 1053a; Oea (Syrtica), 1053b.

Shields macedonian three. — II — Mylasa (Caria), 1054, 1055.

Ship, *see* galley. — V.

Shoe, *see* Boot or shoe. — VI.

Shrub (Styrax?) in vase with club, *see* Club and shrub in vase (Styrax?). — II.

Sickle-harbour of Zancle. — V — Messana (Sicily) 1016 to 1020.

Signa two, *see* Standards two. — II.

Silenos mask of, *see* Mask of Silenos. — VI.

Silphium Plant, *see* Plant of silphium. — III.

Silphium Flower, *see* Flower of silphium. — III.

Silphium's fruit (or kernel). — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 843 to 856.

Silphium's fruits (or kernels). — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 857, 858.

Simpulum, or ladle. — IV — Gades (Baetica), 1071 to 1074; Celsa (Tarraconensis), 1075, 1076.

Simpulum, apex and lituus. — IV — Colonia Patricia (Baetica), 1077.

Simpulum, knife and axe. — IV — Gades (Baetica), 1078.

Simpulum, knife, axe and star. — IV — Gades (Baetica), 1079, 1080.

Simpulum and lituus. — IV — Gades (Baetica), 1081; Ephesus (Ionia), 1082.

Simpulum, etc., *see also* Sacrificial implements. — IV.

Sistrum. — VI — Parium (Mysia), 461; Alexandria (Egypt), 462; Panopolis (Egypt) 463.

Sistrum with head-dress of isis. — VI — Juba II, King of Mauretania, 464.

Skull, *see* Bucranium. — IV.

Skyphos, or two-handled vase, *see* Vase two-handled, or Skyphos. — I.

Sling. — II — Aspendus (Pamphylia), 681 to 684.

Sminthion, *see* Temple hexastyle. — V — 397 *and* temple seen side and front. — V — 493.

Spear-head. — II — Tuder (Umbria), 685 to 687; Firmum (Picenum), 687a; Uncertain Aes Grave of Central Italy, 688, 689; Venusia (Apulia), 690; Cassander King of Macedonia, 690a; In general Aetolia, 691, 692; Oeantheia (Locris), 693; Polyrhenium (Crete), 694 to 697; Chalcetor (Caria), 698; Selge (Pisidia), 699, 700; Thyessus (Lydia), 701.

Spear-head in wreath. — II — Samnium (Central Italy), 701a; Phoenice (Epirus), 702; Epirote Republic, 703; In general Epirus, 704.

Spear-head and arrow-head. — II — Ceraitae (Crete), 705, 706; (*see also* Arrow-head and spear-head).

Spear-head and jawbone, *see* Jawbone of boar and spear-head. II.

Spear-(hunting) and sword. — II — Aenianes (Thessaly), 707.

Spoke of wheel with nave. — VI — Luceria (Apulia), 1017.

Spring-house. — V — Corinth (Corinthia), 129.

Staff. — IV — Agrigentum (Sicily), 474; Syracuse (Sicily), 475, 476; Epidaurus (Argolis), 477; Pergamum (Mysia), 478 to 483; Cos (Is. Caria), 484 to 491.

Stag cista and thyrsos, *see* Cista mystica, thyrsos and stag. — I.

Standards two. — II — Juliopolis (Bithynia), 1056.

Standards two "legionary eagles". — II — Ruscino (Gallia), 1057; Berytus (Phoenicia), 1058, 1059.

Standards two "legionary eagles" in wreath. — II — Heliopolis (Coele-Syria), 1060; Berytus (Phoenicia), 1061 to 1064.

Standards two and altar, on it eagle. — II — Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 1065, 1066; Neoclaudiopolis (previously Neapolis) (Paphlagonia), 1066a; Bithynium, after called Claudiopolis (Bithynia), 1066b; Cretia-Flaviopolis (Bithynia), 1066c; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1067 to 1069; Nicomedia (Bithynia), 1070 to 1071; Tavium (Galatia), 1072 to 1074.

Standards two and aquila legionary. — II — Emerita (Lusitania), 1074a; Corduba (or Colonia Patricia) Hispania Ulterior, 1075, 1076; Acci (or Colonia Julia Gemella), (Tarraconensis), 1077; Caesaraugusta (Tarraconensis), 1078, 1079; Patrae (Peloponnesus), 1080, to 1084; Apamea (Bithynia), 1085; Juliopolis (Bithynia), 1086, 1087; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1088, 1089; Cremna (Pisidia), 1089a; Caesarea (Cappadocia), 1090; Alexandria (Egypt), 1091.

Standards two and two aquilae. — II — Acci (Tarraconensis), 1092 to 1095; Apamea (Bithynia), 1096; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1097; Berytus (Phoenicia), 1098 to 1101.

Standards two and eagle. — II — Germa (Galatia), 1102; Alexandria (Egypt), 1103.

Standards two between them male figure. — II — Perga (Pamphylia), 1104.

Standards two, between them temple containing eagle — II — Perga (Pamphylia), 1105.

Standards two, between them vexillum. — II — Italica (Baetica), 1106; Acci (Tarraconensis), 1107, 1108; Caesaraugusta (Tarraconensis), 1109; Cassandrea (Mace-

donia), 1110, 1111; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1112; Antiochia (Pisidia), 1113 to 1119; Ancyra (Galatia), 1120, 1121.

Standards three. — II — Philippi (Macedonia), 1122; Apamea (Bithynia), 1123; Juliopolis (Bithynia), 1124, 1125; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1126 to 1128; Antiochia (Pisidia), 1129; Comama (Col. Julia Aug. Prima Fide) (Pisidia), 1130; Sidon (Phoenicia), 1131, 1132.

Standards four. — II — Nicaea (Bithynia), 1133, 1134.

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Thunderbolt in wreath of olive. — IV — Elis (Peloponnesus), 607 to 618; Ithaca (Peloponnesus), 619; Cythera (Peloponnesus), 620; Philadelphia (Lydia), 621.

Thunderbolt winged. — IV — Capua (Campania), 622; Rubi

(Apulia), 623; Hyria or Orra (Calabria), 624; Vibo Valentia (Hipponium), (Bruttii), 625 to 628; Locris (Bruttii), 629 to 633; Thurium (Lucania), 634; Agrigentum (Sicily), 635; Aetna (Sicily), 636 to 638; Catana (Sicily), 639 to 644; Centuripe (Sicily), 645; Syracuse (Sicily), 646 to 655; Hieronymos I, King of Syracuse (Sicily), 656 to 668; In gen. Macedonia, 669 to 673; Elis (Peloponnesus), 674 to 699; Laconia (Peloponnesus), 700; Axus (Crete), 701, 702; Parium (Mysia), 703, 704; Proconnessus (Mysia), 705, 706; Metropolis (Ionia), 707, 708; Alabanda (Caria), 709; Aphrodisias and Plarasa (Caria), 710; Apollonia Salbace (Caria), 711; Myndus (Caria), 712 to 714; Limyra (Lycia), 715 to 717; Cremna (Pisidia), 718 to 720; Selge (Pisidia), 721 to 725; Termessus Minor? (Pisidia), 726; Diocaesarea (Cilicia), 727; Olba (Cilicia), 728 to 730; Apollonis (Lydia), 731; Peltae (Phrygia), 732, 733; Seleucia Pieria (Seleucis and Pieria), 734 to 737; Antiochus IV, King of Syria, 738; Antiochus VIII, King of Syria, 739; Antiochus IX, King of Syria, 740; Ptolemaeus II, King of Egypt, 741.

Thunderbolt winged in wreath of laurel. — **IV** — Alinda (Caria), 742; Balbura (Lycia), 743; Seleucia Pieria (Seleucis and Pieria), 744; Antiochus IV, King of Syria, 745.

Thunderbolt winged in wreath of oak. — **IV** — In gen. Epirus, 746; The Abbaeti (Mysia), 747.

Thunderbolt winged in wreath of olive. — **IV** — Elis (Peloponnesus), 748 to 755.

Thymiaterion and cupping vases *see* Cups two and thymiaterion. — **I** —.

Thyrsus. — **IV** — Andros (Aegean Is.), 912, 913; Naxos (Aegean Is.), 914, 915; Dioscurias (Bosporus), 916; Nicaea (Bithynia), 917.

Thyrsus and cista mystica, *see* Cista mystica and thyrsus. — **I**.

Thyrsus resting against cista mystica. — **IV** — Lebedus (Ionia), 918.

Thyrsus cista and stag, *see* Cista thyrsus and stag. — **I**.

Thyrsus and club. — **IV** — Thebes (Boeotia), 919.

Thyrsus and club crossed. — **IV** — Thebes (Boeotia), 920; Leptis Magna (Syrtica), 921 to 923 a.

Thyrsus between cornucopiae. — **IV** — Samos, King of Commagene, 924.

Thyrsus with cornucopiae in saltire. — **IV** — Juba II, King of Mauretania, 925.

Thyrsus and cross pieces of torch. — **IV** — Peparethus (Is. Thessaly), 926.

Thyrsus bound with fillet or taenia. — **IV** — Luceria (Apulia), 927; Sestus) Thracian Chersonese), 928, 929; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 930; Amisus (Pontus), 931; Eumenes II, King of Mysia, 932; Attalus II, King of Mysia, 933; Parium (Mysia), 934 Scepsis; (Troas), 935; Orthosia (Caria), 936; Sebastopolis (Caria), 937; Rhodus (Is. Caria), 938; Blaundus (Lydia), 939, 940; Philadelphia (Lydia), 941; Sardes (Lydia), 942; Hierapolis (Phrygia), 943; Apamea (Seleucis and Pieria), 944 to 946; Antiochus VI, King of Syria, 947.

Thyrsus half. — **IV** — Luceria (Apulia), 948.

Thyrsus on tripod. — **IV** — Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonese), 949.

Thyrsus in wreath. — **IV** — Amastris (Paphlagonia), 950; Lampsacus (Mysia), 951; Heraclea (Ionia), 952; Chios (Is. Ionia), 953, 954; Mastaura (Lydia), 955.

Thyrsi two. — **IV** — Naxos (Aegean Is.), 956.

Thyrsi two, cista mystica and owl *see* Cista mystica, thyrsi two and owl. — **I**.

Thyrsi two crossed. — **IV** — Chios (Is. Ionia), 957, 958; Alinda (Caria), 959; Tabae (Caria), 960; Damascus (Coele-Syria), 961.

Tiara armenian. — **VI** — Commagene in general, 1040.

Tiara armenian in wreath. — **VI** — In general Commagene (Caesarea Germanica?), 1041; Epiphane and Callinicus (Commagene), 1042, 1043.

Tiara persian and owl. — **VI** — Athens (Attica), 1044.

Tintinnabulum (or bell). — **VI** — Leontini (Sicily), 478; Syracuse (Sicily), 479; Uncertain (Sicily), 480; Gaulos (Is. Sicily), 481; Paros (Aegean Is.), 482.

Tomb between terms. — **V** — Sicyon (Peloponnesus), 548.

Tongs. — **I** — Iguvium (Umbria), 1358; Demetrius II, King of Syria, 1359.

Tongs and hammer. — **I** — Populonia (Etruria), 1360 to 1363; Volaterra (Etruria), 1364.

Torch. — **IV** — Syracuse (Sicily), 962; Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 963; Cyzicus (Mysia), 964; Stratonicea (Caria), 965, 966; Calynda (Lycia), 967.

Torch, cross pieces of. — **IV** — Tarentum (Calabria), 968.

Torch between ears of barley. — **IV** — Alaesa? (Sicily), 969.

Torch with ears of corn. — **IV** — Cyzicus (Mysia), 970.

Torch flaming. — **IV** — Marcianopolis (Moesia Inf.), 971; Cyzicus (Mysia), 972, 973; Amyzon (Caria), 974.

Torch between pilei of the Dioscuri. — **IV** — Hephaestias (Lemnos, Is. of Thrace), 975.

Torch with poppy-head and corn. — IV — Thebes (Boeotia), 976.

Torch with poppy-heads and serpent. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 977.

Torch and quiver. — IV — Abydus (Troas), 978.

Torch racing. — IV — Amphipolis (Macedonia), 979 to 992. Aptera (Crete), 993, 994; Nicaea (Bithynia), 995; Lesbos (Is.), 996.

Torch racing bound with fillet. — IV — Athens (Attica), 997.

Torch entwined by serpent. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 998 to 1003.

Torch in wreath of barley or corn. — IV — Lysimachia (Thracian Chersonese), 1004; Hermione (Peloponnesus), 1005 to 1007; Cyzicus (Mysia), 1008; Parium (Mysia), 1009, 1010; Elaea (Aeolis), 1011 to 1013.

Torch in oak wreath. — IV — Syracuse (Sicily), 1014; Hypata (Thessaly), 1015.

Torch in wreath of olive. — IV — Thymbra (Troas), 1016.

Torch and bucranium within wreath. — IV — Sardes (Lydia), 1017.

Torches two. — IV — Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 1018; Apollonia (Thrace), 1019; Hephaestias (Is. of Thrace), 1020; Cos (Is. of Caria), 1021.

Torches two on altar. — IV — Cyme (Aeolis), 1022.

Torches two crossed. — IV — Menaenum (Sicily), 1023 to 1025; Syracuse (Sicily), 1026, 1027; Abydus (Troas), 1028.

Torches two entwined by serpents. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 1029 to 1031; Elaea (Aeolis), 1032.

Torches two entwined by serpents and building between. — IV — Cyzicus (Mysia), 1033, 1034.

Torches two in wreath. — IV — Athens (Attica), 1035; Hermione (Peloponnesus), 1036.

Torches three. — IV — Aptera (Crete), 1037.

Tower. — V — Olba (Cilicia), 549; Uncertain, 550.

Towers, *see* city-walls with towers — V —; gateway and walls — V —; Fortress. — V.

Tree. III Massilia (Gallia), 202; Centuripe (Sicily), 203; Aphrodisias (Caria), 203 a; Prostanna (Pisidia), 204; Gaza (Judaea), 205.

Tree beside altar. — III — Amasia (Pontus), 206, 207; Attuda (Caria), 208; Ake Ptolemais (Phoenicia), 209.

Tree with figure. — III — Aptera (Crete), 209 a, 209 b; Gortyna (Crete), 210 to 219 d: Phaestus (Crete), 220 to 221 b; Heraclea (Bithynia), 221 c.

Tree with figure and dolphin. — III — Corinth (Corinthia), 222 to 224 a.

Tree with figure and goat. — III — Epidaurus (Argolis), 225; Cyzicus (Mysia), 226.

Tree between figures. — III — Myra (Lycia), 227; Temenothyrae (Phrygia), 228; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 229.

Tree on mountain. — III — Prostanna (Pisidia), 229a.

Tree around which serpent. — III — Pergamum (Mysia), 230, 231.

Tree and stones. — III — Tyre (Phoenicia), 232 to 237 a.

Tree leaf-less, felled by two Phrygians. — III — Aphrodisias (Caria), 238 to 240.

Trees leaf-less, three, in enclosure of treillis. — III — Aphrodisias (Caria), 241 to 243.

Trees leaf-less, three, between altars. — III — Aphrodisias (Caria), 244.

Tree cypress and altar. — III — Mastaura (Lydia), 245.

Tree cypress between animals. — III — Damascus (Coele-Syria), 246.

Tree cypress in front of horseman. — III — Mostene (Lydia), 247 to 251.

Tree fir. — III — Scamandria (Troas), 252 to 254; Scepsis (Troas), 255 to 268.

Tree fir and grapes. — III —Scepsis (Troas), 269.

Tree fir and goat. — III — Antandrus (Troas), 270.

Tree laurel. — III — Calchedon (Bithynia), 271.

Tree olive and owl. — III — Athens (Attica), 272 to 277.

Tree olive with figure. — III — Athens (Attica), 278 to 280.

Tree olive with two figures. — III — Athens (Attica), 281.

Trees two with figure and two birds. — III — Halicarnassus (Caria), 282.

Tree palm. — III — Uncertain (Hispania), 283; Siculo-Punic Coinage: Motya (Sicily), 284 to 291; Panormus (Sicily), and Carthage (Zeugitana), 292 to 308; Carystus (Euboea), 309 to 312; Tiryns (Peloponnesus), 313 to 315; Hierapytna (Crete), 316 to 323; Priansus (Crete), 324 to 327; Pyranthus (Crete), 328 to 330; Delos (Aegean Is.), 331; Ios (Aegean Is.), 332 to 334; Tenos (Aegean Is.), 335; Smyrna (Ionia), 336; Palmyra (Palmyrene), 337, 338; Antiochus III (The Great), King of Syria, 339; Demetrius II, King of Syria, 340; Tyre (Phoenicia), 341 to 346; Uncertain (Phoenicia), 347; Diocaesarea-Sepphoris (Galilaea), 348; Neapolis (Samaria), 349; Roman Procurators (Judaea), 350 to 352; Second revolt against Rome (Judaea), 353; Menander, King of Bactria and India, 354; Balagrae and Darnis (Cyrenaica), 355; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 356 to 364; Ptolemaeus, King of Mauretania, 365, 366; Babba (Mauretania), 367 to 369.

Tree palm in enclosure with door in centre. — III — Corinth (Corinthia), 370 to 372.

Tree palm and figure seated. — III — Priansus (Crete), 373, 374.

Tree palm and horse. — III — Siculo-Punic Coinage. Panormus (Sicily) and Carthage (Zeugitana), 375 to 389 b; Carthago Nova (Hispania) (?) 390; Micipsa and his brothers, Kings of Numidia, 391; Massinissa King of Numidia, 392 to 394.

Tree palm and horse's head. — III — Siculo Punic Coinage. Panormus (Sicily) and Carthage (Zeugitana), 395 to 400.

Tree palm and lion. — III — Siculo Punic Coinage: Panormus (Sicily) and Carthage (Zeugitana), 401 to 403.

Tree palm and prow. — III — Perga (Pamphylia), 403 a.

Tree palm and shield, cuirass, etc. — III — Bithynia in general, 404.

Tree palm and silphium. — III — Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 405.

Tree palm and stag's forepart. — III — Ephesus (Ionia), 406 to 428.

Tree palm and stag. — III — Ephesus (Ionia), 429 to 438.

Tree palm and swan. — III — Delos (Aegean Is.), 439.

Trees palm two. — III — Carystus (Euboea), 440.

Trees palm three. — III — Carystus (Euboea), 441.

Tree pine over altar of Melikertes *see* Altar of Melikertes under pine-tree. — IV.

Tripod-Lebes. — I — Longostalete (Hispania or Gallia), 948 to 950; Massillia (Gallia), 951 to 955; Tuder (Umbria), 956; Neapolis (Campania), 957 to 960; Thurium (Lucania), 961; Velia (Lucania), 962; Croton (Bruttii), 963, 969; Croton and Zancle (Bruttii), 970, 971; Croton and Terina, or Temesa, 972 to 980; Croton and Pandosia, 981 to 995; Croton and Locri Epizephyrii, 996 to 1007; Croton and Sybaris (Bruttii), 1008; Mystia and Hyporon (Bruttii), 1009; Agrigentum (Sicily), 1010, 1011; Alaesa (Sicily), 1012, 1013; Centuripe (Sicily), 1014; Leontini (Sicily), 1015; Lilybaeum (Sicily), 1016; Morgantia (Sicily), 1017; Syracuse (Sicily), 1018 to 1023; Tauremenium (Sicily), 1024 to 1029; Melita (Is. Adjacent to Sicily), 1030 to 1032; Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonese), 1033, 1034; Callatia (Moesia Inf.), 1035; Abdera (Thrace), 1036, 1037; Byzanthe (Thrace), 1038; Maronea (Thrace), 1039; Perinthus (Thrace), 1040; Philippopolis (Thrace), 1041; Thasos (Is. Thrace), 1042; Sestus (Thracian Chersonese), 1043; Cassander, King of Macedonia, 1044; Chalcidice (Macedonia), 1045, 1046; Heraclea Sintica (Macedonia), 1047; Pella (Macedonia), 1048; Damastium (Illyria or Epirus), 1049 to 1057; Nicopolis (Epirus), 1058; Pelagia (Illyria), 1059 to 1061; Uncertain places (Illyria), 1062, 1663; Medeon (Acarnania), 1064; Phytia (Acarnania), 1065; Stratus (Acarnania), 1066; Delphi (Phocis), 1067; Tanagra (Boeotia), 1068; Histiaea (Euboea), 1069; Megara (Megaris), 1070, 1071; Pellene (Peloponnesus), 1072; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 1073 to 1092; Messenia (Peloponnesus), 1093 to 1096; Argos (Argolis), 1097: In gen. Crete 1098; Apollonia (Crete), 1099; Axus (Crete), 1100 to 1105; Cydonia (Crete), 1106; Naxus (Crete), 1107; Andros (Aegean Is.), 1108, 1109; Amisus (Pontus), 1110; Sinope (Paphlagonia), 1111; Apamea (Bithynia), 1112; Chalcedon (Bithynia), 1113; Cius (Bithynia), 1114; Cyzicus (Mysia), 1115 to 1117; Gambrium (Mysia), 1118, 1119; Eumene II, King of Mysia, 1120; Pergamum (Mysia), 1121; Alexandria (Troas), 1122 to 1127; Lesbos (Is.), 1128; Nesos (Is. near Lesbos), 1129, Colophon (Ionia), 1130, 1131; Ephesus (under the name of Eurydicea) (Ionia), 1132; Magnesia (Ionia), 1133; Priene (Ionia), 1134; Smyrna (Ionia), 1135 to 1137; Alabanda (Caria), 1138; Cnidus (Caria), 1139 to 1142; Myndus (Caria), 1143; Coridalla (Lycia), 1144; Cragus-Tlos (Lycia), 1145; Masicytes (Lycia), 1146; Mopsus (Cilicia), 1147; Soli (Cyprus), 1148; Apollonis (Lydia), 1149; Magnesia ad Sipylum (Lydia), 1150 to 1152; Thyatira (Lydia), 1153 to 1156; Eumeneia (Phrygia), 1157; Hieropolis (Phrygia), 1158; Laodicea (Phrygia), 1159, 1160; Sebaste (Galatia), 1161; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1162 to 1164; Laodicea ad Mare (Seleucis and Pieria), 1165 to 1167; Fratres Populi (Seleucis and Pieria), 1168; Seleucia Pieria (Seleucis and Pieria), 1169; Seleucus I, King of Syria, 1170; Seleucus II Nicator, King of Syria, 1171; Antiochus I (Syria), 1172; Antiochus II (Syria), 1173 to 1175; Seleucus III (Syria), 1176; Achaeus revolted Satrap (Syria), 1177; Seleucus IV (Syria), 1178, 1179; Antiochus IV (Syria), 1180; Demetrius I Soter (Syria), 1181; Demetrius II (Syria), 1182 to 1184; Demetrius I or II (Syria), 1185; Alexander II (Syria), 1186, 1187; Antiochus VIII (Syria), 1188; Antiochus XI (Syria), 1189; Seleucus VI (Syria), 1190; Euthydemus II King of India, 1191, 1192; Apollodotus I, King of Bactria and India, 1193, 1194; Apollodotus II,

King of Bactria and India, 1195 to 1200; Dionysos, King of Bactria and India, 1201; Hippostratus (Bactria and India), 1202; Maues, King of Bactria and India, 1203; Menander, King of Bactria and India, 1204; Zoilus, King of Bactria and India, 1205 to 1207; Uncertain (India), 1208, 1209.

Tripod with Apollo and python. — I — Croton (Bruttii, 1210)

Tripod surmounted by balls. — I — Thessalonica (Macedonia), 1211 to 1214.

Tripod and birds sipping. — I — Cos (Is. Caria), 1215.

Tripod and club. — I — Philippi (Macedonia), 1216.

Tripod and cock's heads. — I — Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 1217, 1218.

Tripod between two dolphins. — I — Megara (Megaris), 1219, 1220.

Tripod between double-axe, entwined by serpent and laurel-branch. — I — Eumeneia (Phrygia), 1221.

Tripod with bunch of grapes. — I — Sinope (Paphlagonia), 1222.

Tripod with holmos. — I — Byzantium (Thrace), 1223; Byzantium and Chalcedon (Thrace), 1224; In gen. Macedonia, 1225; Pella (Macedonia), 1226; Thessalonica (Macedonia), 1227; Magnesia ad Maeandrum (Ionia), 1228; Halicarnassus (Caria), 1229; Tralles (Lydia), 1230, 1231; Antiochus I (Syria), 1232; Antiochus II (Syria), 1233; Alexander I (Syria), 1234; Antiochus VII (Syria), 1235; Seleucus VI (Syria), 1236; Seleucia Pieria (Seleucis and Pieria), 1237.

Tripod and horse's' head. — I — Philippi (Macedonia), 1238.

Tripod with human heads. — I — Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1239.

Tripod with sprays of laurel. — I — Amphaxitis (Macedonia), 1240; Eurydicea (Macedonia), 1241; Philippi (Macedonia), 1242 to 1247; Mithradates Eupator, King of Bosporus, 1248; Mytilene (Lesbos), 1249; Hierapolis (Phrygia), 1250, 1251.

Tripod and lion's head. — I — Philippi (Macedonia), 1252.

Tripod with serpent. — I — Marcianopolis (Moesia Inf.), 1253; Nicopolis (Moesia Inf.), 1254; Pautalia (Thrace), 1255, 1256; Philippopolis (Thrace), 1257, 1258; Serdica (Thrace), 1259; Nicopolis (Epirus), 1260; Athens (Attica), 1261; Amastris (Paphlagonia), 1262, 1263; Calchedon (Bithynia), 1264 to 1269. Ephesus (Ionia), 1270; Tarsus (Cilicia), 1271; Laodiceia (Phrygia), 1272; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1273.

Tripod with serpents. — I — Croton (Bruttii), 1274 to 1280.

Tripod and stag's head. — I — Philippi (Macedonia), 1281.

Tripod and stork. — I — Croton (Bruttii), 1282 to 1287.

Tripod on stool (or stand). — I — Delphi (Phocis), 1288; Apollodotus, King of Bactria and India, 1289 to 1291; Strato I, King of Bactria and India, 1292.

Tripod and thunderbolt. — I — Athens (Attica), 1293; Axus (Crete), 1294, 1295; Antiochus XI, King of Syria, 1296.

Tripod and thyrsos. — I — Panticapaeum (Tauric Chersonese), 1297; Phanagoria (Asiatic Bosporus), 1298.

Tripod and thymiaterion. — I — Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 1299.

Tripod on which vase. — I — Athens (Attica), 1300.

Tripod in wreath. — I — Apollonia (Illyria), 1301 to 1303; Dyrrhachium (Illyria), 1304; In. gen. Epirus, 1305; Orchomenus (Boeotia), 1306; Sicyon (Peloponnesus). 1307 to 1309; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 1310 to 1315; Messenia (Peloponnesus), 1316 to 1319; Alabanda (Caria), 1320, 1321; Nysa (Lydia), 1322; Thyatira (Lydia), 1323; Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 1324 to 1327.

Triquetra, *see* Triskeles. — IV.

Triskeles of human legs. — IV — Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy), 777; Caulonia (Bruttii), 778; Iaetia (Sicily), 779; Panormus (Sicily), 780 to 782; Syracuse (Sicily), 783, 784; Uncertain King Derronikos (Thrace-Macedonia), 785; Aegina in gen., 786; Aspendus (Pamphylia), 787 to 792; Adada (Pisidia), 793 to 794; Selge (Pisidia), 795, 796.

Triskeles of human legs with figure. — IV — Aspendus (Pamphylia), 797 to 810.

Triskeles of human legs, with head in centre. — IV — Iliberia (Hispania Citerior), 811.

Triskeles of human legs and capricorn. — IV — Panormus (Sicily), 812, 813.

Triskeles of human legs and lion. — IV — Aspendus (Pamphylia), 814.

Triskeles of crescents. — IV — Megara (Megaris), 815; Thebes (Mysia), 816; Birytis (Troas), 817; Rhoeteium (Troas), 818.

Triskeles between lines of inscriptions. — IV — Olba (Cilicia), 819, 820.

Triskeles lycian. — IV — In gen. Lycia, 821 to 831; Mutlä̈i Dynast of Lycia, 832; Aperlae (Lycia), 833 to 835; Uncertain (Lycia), 836; Khäriga, Dynast of Lycia, 837; Thap... Dynast of Telmessus? (Lycia), 838, 839; Kuprlli (Lycia), 840 to 861; Uälä (Lycia), 862, 863; Tä̈nägurä (Lycia), 864, 865; Väkhssära,

Dynast of Patara (Lycia), 866 to 869; Khin.. (Lycia), 870 to 872 ; Dynast Uncertain (Lycia), 873 to 877; Aruvatiyäsi (Lycia), 878; Mithrapata, Dynast of Lycia, 879 to 882; Zämu, Dynast of Limyra (Lycia), 883, 884; Zämu and Trbbänimi (Lycia), 885, 886; Trbbänimi (Lycia), 887 to 892; Väd.... (Lycia), 893, 894; Zaga (Lycia), 895, 896; Päriklä, King of Lycia, 897 to 901; Äkuvämi (Lycia), 902.

Triskeles lycian with cock's head. — IV — Thibän? Dynast of Lycia, 903 to 906.

Triskeles lycian with swan's head. — IV — Kuprlli, Dynast of Lycia, 907 ; Zauas, Dynast of Lycia, 908.

Triskeles lycian, one member with head of monster or serpent. — IV — Kuprlli Dynast of Lycia, 909, 910 ; Tänägura, Dynast of Lycia, 911.

Triumphal arch *see* Arch triumphal. — V.

Trophy. — II — Celsa (Tarraconensis), 1152 to 1154 ; Capua (Campania), 1155 ; Caelia (Apulia), 1156 to 1159 ; Heraclea (Lucania), 1160, 1161 ; Tomi (Moesia Inf.), 1162 ; Byzantium (Thrace), 1163 ; Cotys V and Rhescuporis, Kings of Thrace, 1164 ; Amphipolis, (Macedonia), 1165 ; In general Aetolia, 1166 ; Thebes? (Boeotia), 1167 ; Chalcedon (Bithynia), 1168 ; Prusias II, King of Bithynia, 1169 ; Pergamum (Mysia), 1170, 1171 ; Mytilene (Lesbos), 1172 ; Amblada (Pisidia), 1173 ; First revolt suppressed, Judaea, 1174 ; Alexandria (Egypt), 1175, 1176.

Trophy with figure. — II — Antigonus I Gonatas, King of Macedonia, 1177, 1178 ; Heraclea (Bithynia), 1179 to 1181 ; Nicaea (Bithynia), 1182.

Trophy with emperor on horsebach. — II — Hadrianothera (Mysia), 1183; Elaea (Aeolis), 1184, 1185.

Trophy with nike. — II — Antipolis (Gallia) 1186 to 1189 ; Capua (Campania), 1190; Agathokles, King of Syracuse (Sicily), 1191 to 1195; Corinth (Corinthia), 1196; (Lampsacus) Mysia, 1197; Antiochus I, Soter, King of Syria, 1198 to 1205; Alexandria (Egypt), 1206, 1207.

Trophy and a captive. — II — Alexandria (Egypt), 1208, 1209.

Trophy and two captives. — II — Nicopolis (Moesia Inf.), 1210; Zacynthus (Peloponnesus), 1211; Alexandria (Egypt), 1212 to 1218.

Trophy and three captives. — II — Alexandria (Egypt), 1219.

Trophies two. — II — Nicaea (Bithynia). 1220.

Umbrella. — VI — Herod I Agrippa, King of Judaea, 1045.

Uncertain type, *see* Without denomination of type (Doubtful). — VI.

Urn Agonistic? *see* Crown agonistic. — I.

Urn for voting beside boule. — I — Antioch (Seleucis and Pieria), 598, 599.

Urn for voting between two sphinxes. — I — Aradus (Phoenicia), 599a to 599 c.

Urn for voting and two crowns agonistic, *see* Crowns agonistic two, with urn for drawing lots. — I.

Vase without handles. — I — Trajanopolis (Thrace), 600; Corcyra (Is. Epirus), 601 ; Myrina (Aeolis), 602.

Vase one-handled or monota. — I — Tarentum (Calabria), 603 to 605 ; Heraclea (Lucania), 606; Thebes (Boeotia), 607; Corinth (Corinthia), 608 ; Cyme (Aeolis), 609 to 620 ; Temnus (Aeolis), 621 ; Tisna (Aeolis), 622 ; Adramyteum (Mysia), 623; Astyra (Caria), 624 to 626; Uncertain (Phrygia?), 627, 628.

Vase two-handled. — I — Tuder (Umbria, 629 to 631 ; Uncertain, Aes Grave (Central Italy), 632; Syracuse (Sicily), 633 ; Philea (Thrace), 634 ; Cerdylium (Macedonia), 635 ; Cyzicus (Mysia), 636.

Vase two-handled (or skyphos) — I — Anaphe (Aegean Is.), 637, 638.

Vase prize. — I — Adana (Cilicia), 639 ; Anazarbus (Cilicia), 640; Syedra (Cilicia), 641.

Vases five prize. — I — Anazarbus (Cilicia), 642.

Vases six prize. — I — Anazarbus (Cilicia), 643, 644.

Vase of oenochoe form. — I — Alexandria (Egypt), 645, 646.

Vase before which panther. — I — Nicaea (Bithynia), 647.

Vase entwined with serpent. — I — Prusias ad Hyppium (Bithynia), 648.

Venus planet in Taurus, *see* Taurus sign of. — VI. —

Vexillum. — II — Caesaraugusta (Tarraconensis), 1135, 1136; Rhesaena (Mesopotamia), 1137.

Vexillum between two eagles. — II — Damascus (Coele-Syria), 1138, 1139.

Vexillum between standards, *see* Standards two, between them Vexillum. — II. —

Vexilla two with eagle. — II — Deultum (Thrace), 1140 ; Ninica (Cilicia), 1141 ; Alexandria (Egypt), 1142 to 1149.

Vexilla two with tyche. — II — Mallus (Cilicia), 1150, 1151.

Viaros mount, *see* Mount Viaros. — V. —

View of Amasia. — V — Amasia (Pontus), 551.

Vine. — III — Neapolis (Apulia), 442; Ser... (uncertain of Lucania or Bruttii, or Sicily), 443; Byzantium (Thrace), 444, 435; Maronea (Thrace), 446 to 465; Rhytaeum? (Thrace), 466; Amadokos, King of Thrace, 467; Teres II or III, King of Thrace, 468,

Mende (Macedonia), 469 to 471; Eurymenae (Thessaly), 472; Amastris (Paphlagonia), 473.

Vine leaf, *see* Leaf of vine. — III. —

Volcan. — V — Apollonia (Illyria), 552, 553; Byllis (Illyria), 554.

Volcan with figures. — V — Apollonia (Illyria), 555 to 557.

Walls of city, above lion and bull, *see* City-walls with towers, lion and bull. — V. —

Walls of city, above two kings. — V — Soli (Cilicia), 558.

Walls of nicaea. — V — Nicaea (Bithynia), 559, 560.

Wheat-grain with its husk (or hellebore bud of). — III — Methydrium (Thessaly), 1394: Pherea (Tessaly), 1395 to 1400; Scotussa (Thessaly), 1401 to 1402.

Wheat ear of, *see* Barley ear of, *and* Corn ear of. — III. —

Wheel. — VI — Uncertain Aes Grave (Etruria), 1046; Iguvium (Umbria), 1047; Uncertain Aes Grave (Central Italy). 1048; Luceria (Apulia), 1049; Chalcis (Euboea), 1050; Menander, King of Bactria and India, 1051; Cyrene (Cyrenaica), 1052.

Wheel archaic. — VI — Uncertain (Etruria) 1053; Uncertain Aes Grave (Etruria) 1054 to 1056; Luceria (Apulia) 1057, 1058; Uncertain Aes Grave (Cent. Italy), 1059 to 1061; Uncertain (Thrace-Macedonia), 1062, 1063; Chalcis (?) (Euboea), 1064.

Wheel enclosing dots. — VI — Cumae (Campania), 1065; Neapolis, or Cumae (Campania), 1066;

Wheel in circular incuse. — VI — Camirus (Caria), 1067.

Wheel surronded by rays. — VI — Mesembria (Thrace), 1068 to 1070.

Wheel without spokes. — VI — Uncertain Aes Grave (Etruria), 1071 to 1073.

Wheel of four spokes. — VI — Massilia (Gallia), 1074; Uncertain Aes Grave (Etruria), 1075; Tarentum (Calabria), 1076; Agyrium (Sicily), 1077, 1078; Gela (Sicily), 1079; Syracuse (Sicily), 1080 to 1088; Uncertain (Thrace-Macedonia), 1089, 1090; Acanthus (Macedonia) 1091, 1092; Ichnae (Macedonia), 1093, 1094; Uncertain (Macedonia), 1095; Chalcis (Euboea) 1096 to 1101; Uncertain (Euboea) 1102; Tanagra (Boeotia) 1103 to 1109; Phlius (Peloponnesus), 1110 to 1112; Apamea (originally Myrlea) (Bithynia), 1113; Calchedon (Bithynia), 1114 to 1116; Early Electrum (Ionia), 1117, 1118; Uncertain (Cyprus), 1119, 1120.

Wheel-like device. — VI — Volagases III King of Parthia, 1121 to 1123.

Wheel-like ornament crescent shaped. — VI — In gen. Macedonia, 1124; Bottiaei Emathiae (Macedonia); 1125.

Whelk-shell *see* Shell-Whelk. — V.

Wing. — Panormus (Sicily), 1126, 1127.

Without denomination of type (doubtful). — VI — (Objects doubtful two) Uncertain (Hispania), 1128; Uncertain (Lycia ?) 1129; Mutläi (Lycia), 1130.

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